SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-

language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Representation Letter

In connection with the Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises of Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation (the "Consolidated FS of the Affiliates"), we represent to you that, the entities required to be included in the Consolidated FS of the Affiliates as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 in accordance with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" are the same as those required to be included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Consolidated FS of the Group") in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard 10. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the Consolidated FS of Affiliates is disclosed in the Consolidated FS of the Group. Consequently, Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation does not prepare a separate set of Consolidated FS of Affiliates.

Very truly yours,
Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation
By

Shin-Yang Huang, Chairman February 27, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR24003854

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Sigurd Group") as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other independent auditors (please refer to the *Other matters* section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sigurd Group as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statements Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sigurd Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other independent auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matter

Key audit matters are the matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of consolidated financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Key audit matter for Sigurd Group's consolidated financial statements of the current period is stated as follows:

Capitalisation of property, plant and equipment

Description

Sigurd Group increased its capital expenditure to meet its operational needs. Please refer to Note 4(15) for accounting policies on property, plant and equipment, and Note 6(7) for details of property, plant and equipment. Considering that capitalisation of property, plant and equipment is significant to Sigurd Group's consolidated financial statements, thus, we identified the audit of capitalisation of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter: Assessed and validated the effectiveness of the internal control system over additions to property, plant and equipment, as well as sample tested and examined respective purchase orders and invoices to ensure that transactions were approved accordingly and recognised amounts were accurate. Sample tested and examined the acceptance documents to validate the appropriateness of the timing that assets are ready for use and capitalisation (timing of starting depreciation).

Other matter – Audited by other independent auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries. Those financial statements were audited by other independent auditors, whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements, was based solely on the reports of other independent auditors. Total assets of those consolidated subsidiaries amounted to NT\$253,805 thousand and NT\$317,506 thousand, constituting 0.64% and 0.85% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and total operating revenues amounted to NT\$270,429 thousand and NT\$276,681 thousand, constituting 1.48% and 1.79% of the total operating revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Other matter - Parent company only financial statements

We have also expressed an unmodified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal controls as the management determines are necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Sigurd Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Sigurd Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Sigurd Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sigurd Group's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sigurd Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sigurd Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Sigurd Group to express an opinion on consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From those matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe the matter in our report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hsieh, Chih-Cheng Chiang, Tsai-Yen

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 27, 2025

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

$\frac{\text{SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}} \\ \underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023}} \\ \text{(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)}$

	Assets	Notes		December 31, 2024 AMOUNT	 %		December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	3 %
	Current assets	110005		THIOCIVI			THIOCHT	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	11,249,315	29	\$	9,406,220	25
1110	Current financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss			281,277	1		314,538	1
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(4) and 8						
	cost			1,732,623	4		3,332,000	9
1140	Current contract assets	6(19)		135,555	-		127,696	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)		109	-		29	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		4,520,853	12		3,696,519	10
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties,	6(5) and 7						
	net			1,590	-		3,333	-
1200	Other receivables			83,892	-		52,312	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)		414,994	1		426,002	1
1410	Prepayments			730,383	2		681,698	2
1470	Other current assets			107,805			49,060	
11XX	Total current assets			19,258,396	49		18,089,407	48
]	Non-current assets							
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3)						
	value through other comprehensive							
	income			3,502,732	9		2,158,967	6
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8						
	amortised cost			376,738	1		169,887	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7) and 8		15,440,055	39		15,915,723	42
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		478,141	1		535,919	1
1780	Intangible assets			143,115	-		191,297	1
1840	Deferred tax assets	6(26)		302,464	1		346,786	1
1900	Other non-current assets			133,007		_	109,432	
15XX	Total non-current assets			20,376,252	51		19,428,011	52
1XXX	Total assets		\$	39,634,648	100	\$	37,517,418	100

(Continued)

$\frac{\text{SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}} \\ \underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023}} \\ \text{(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)}$

	Tichiliaice and Facility	Notes		December 31, 2024 AMOUNT %			December 31, 2023 AMOUNT		
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT			AMOUNT		
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	185,000	1	\$	147,985	1	
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(19)	φ	20,322	1	φ	9,929	1	
2150	Notes payable	0(17)		3,951	_		6,596		
2170	Accounts payable			407,906	1		378,696	1	
2200	Other payables	6(11)		3,242,497	8		2,394,098	6	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	0(11)		418,325	1		594,836	2	
2250	Current provisions			1,538	_		1,163	_	
2280	Current lease liabilities			86,095	_		88,245	_	
2320	Long-term borrowings, current	6(13) and 8		00,000			00,213		
2020	portion	0(10) 4114 0		2,672,433	7		4,617,694	12	
2399	Other current liabilities, others	6(19)		271,850	1		360,064	1	
21XX	Total current liabilities	(-2)		7,309,917	19		8,599,306	23	
217171	Non-current liabilities			7,507,717			0,377,300		
2530	Bonds payable	6(12)		2,987,713	7		2,967,588	8	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12) 6(13) and 8		5,521,913	14		5,307,839	14	
2570	Deferred tax liabilities	6(26)		82,332	-		69,168	-	
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	0(20)		421,604	1		459,081	1	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(14)		262,459	1		314,850	1	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	v(- 1)		9,276,021	23		9,118,526	24	
2XXX	Total liabilities			16,585,938	42		17,717,832	47	
	Equity			10,303,730	12		17,717,032		
	Equity attributable to owners of								
	parent								
	Share capital	6(15)							
3110	Ordinary share	*()		4,839,123	12		4,567,446	12	
	Capital surplus	6(16)		.,663,126			.,,		
3200	Capital surplus			1,763,600	4		539,458	2	
	Retained earnings	6(17)		1,700,000			203,100	_	
3310	Legal reserve	,		2,292,092	6		2,117,155	6	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			10,157,726	26		8,750,118	23	
	Other equity interest	6(18)		, ,			, ,		
3400	Other equity interest			898,858	2		863,984	2	
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of								
	parent			19,951,399	50		16,838,161	45	
36XX	Non-controlling interests	4(3)		3,097,311	8		2,961,425	8	
3XXX	Total equity	. ,		23,048,710	58		19,799,586	53	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	unrecognised contract commitments								
	Significant events after the reporting	11							
	period								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	39,634,648	100	\$	37,517,418	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE)

				Ye	ear ended Dec	ember 31	
				2024	our chaca bec	2023	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(19) and 7	\$	18,218,144	100 \$	15,479,501	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(24)(25)	(13,462,234) (<u>74</u>) (11,900,735)	(<u>77</u>)
5950	Gross profit from operations			4,755,910	26	3,578,766	23
	Operating expenses	6(24)(25)					
6100	Selling and marketing expenses		(211,678) (1) (200,729)	(1)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(1,032,800) (6) (899,098)	(6)
6300	Research and development expenses		(435,322) (2) (391,863)	(2)
6450	Expected credit loss	12(2)	(2,086)	<u>-</u> (_	8,871)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,681,886) (<u>9</u>) (_	1,500,561)	(<u>9</u>)
6900	Operating profit			3,074,024	17	2,078,205	14
	Non-operating income and expenses						
7100	Interest income	6(20)		351,949	2	374,269	2
7010	Other income	6(21)		134,942	1	148,130	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(22)		589,119	3	237,451	2
7050	Finance costs	6(23)	(242,391) (2) (263,342)	(2)
7000	Total non-operating income and						
	expenses			833,619	4	496,508	3
7900	Profit before income tax			3,907,643	21	2,574,713	17
7950	Income tax expense	6(26)	(736,906) (<u>4</u>) (436,199)	(3)
8200	Profit for the year		\$	3,170,737	17 \$	2,138,514	14
	Other comprehensive income (loss)						
	Components of other comprehensive						
	income (loss) that will not be reclassified						
	to profit or loss						
8311	Gains on remeasurements of defined	6(14)					
	benefit plans	· /	\$	26,997	- \$	14,589	_
8316	Unrealised (losses) gains from	6(3)	•		,	- : ,	
	investments in equity instruments	()					
	measured at fair value through other						
	comprehensive income		(61,393)	_	568,183	4
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(26)	,	,,		,	
	other comprehensive income that will not	, ,					
	be reclassified to profit or loss		(1,460)	- (1,818)	_
8310	Components of other comprehensive		`				
	(loss) income that will not be reclassified						
	to profit or loss		(35,856)	_	580,954	4
	Components of other comprehensive		`			,	
	income (loss) that might be reclassified to						
	profit or loss						
8361	Exchange differences on translation of	6(18)					
	foreign operations	· /		188,887	1 (54,571)	(1)
8360	Components of other comprehensive			·			
	income (loss) that might be reclassified						
	to profit or loss			188,887	1 (54,571)	(1)
8300	Other comprehensive income		\$	153,031	1 \$		3
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	3,323,768	18 \$		17
0500	Profit, attributable to:		Ψ	3,323,700	10 ψ	2,004,071	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	2,771,956	15 \$	1,737,319	1.1
8620	Non-controlling interests		Ф	398,781		401,195	11
8020			Φ.		2 17 \$		3
	Total profit		\$	3,170,737	1/ \$	2,138,514	14
0710	Comprehensive income attributable to:			2 000 500			
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	2,839,728	15 \$		14
8720	Non-controlling interests			484,040	3	387,842	3
	Total comprehensive income		\$	3,323,768	<u>18</u> \$	2,664,897	17
	Basic earnings per share (in dollars)	6(27)					
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		5.89	<u> </u>	3.80
	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)	6(27)					
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		5.67		3.59

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

				Equity At	tributable to Owners	of The Parent				
				Retained	d Earnings	Other Ed	quity Interest			
	Notes	Ordinary Share	Capital Surplus,	Legal Reserve	Unappropriated Retained Earnings	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealised Gains (Losses) from Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	Total	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
2022										
<u>2023</u>		ф. 4. <i>5.67</i> . 410	ф 520 2 07	Ф 1 010 004	# 0 227 222	ф 100 600	Φ 227 (10	Φ16 470 220	A 2 001 270	Ф10 200 470
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 4,567,410	\$ 539,296	\$ 1,810,884	\$ 9,225,323	\$ 100,689	\$ 235,618	\$16,479,220	\$ 2,901,259	\$19,380,479
Profit for the year	((2)(10)	-	-	-	1,737,319	- 40.50()	-	1,737,319	401,195	2,138,514
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(3)(18)		-		12,059	(40,506)	568,183	539,736	(13,353)	526,383
Total comprehensive income (loss)	((17)				1,749,378	(40,506)	568,183	2,277,055	387,842	2,664,897
Appropriation of 2022 earnings	6(17)			206 271						
Legal reserve Cash dividends		-	-	306,271	(306,271)	-	=	- 1 010 212 \	-	- 1 010 212)
	((12)(15)(16)	-	1(0	-	(1,918,312)	-	-	(1,918,312)	-	(1,918,312)
Conversion of corporate bonds	6(12)(15)(16)	36	162	-	-	-	-	198	-	198
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest from a subsidiary	4(3)								(327,676)	(327,676)
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 4,567,446	\$ 539,458	\$ 2,117,155	\$ 8,750,118	\$ 60,183	\$ 803,801	\$16,838,161	\$ 2,961,425	\$19,799,586
<u>2024</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$ 4,567,446	\$ 539,458	\$ 2,117,155	\$ 8,750,118	\$ 60,183	\$ 803,801	\$16,838,161	\$ 2,961,425	\$19,799,586
Profit for the year		-	-	-	2,771,956	-	-	2,771,956	398,781	3,170,737
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(3)(18)		<u> </u>		23,091	106,074	(61,393)	67,772	85,259	153,031
Total comprehensive income (loss)			<u>-</u> _		2,795,047	106,074	(61,393)	2,839,728	484,040	3,323,768
Appropriation of 2023 earnings	6(17)									
Legal reserve		-	-	174,937	(174,937)	-	=	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	(1,222,309)	-	-	(1,222,309)	-	(1,222,309)
Conversion of corporate bonds	6(12)(15)(16)	271,677	1,224,142	-	-	-	-	1,495,819	-	1,495,819
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(18)	-	-	-	9,807	-	(9,807)	-	-	-
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest from a subsidiary	4(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(314,569)	(314,569)
Adjustments arising from changes in percentage of ownership in a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,585)	(33,585)
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$ 4,839,123	\$ 1,763,600	\$ 2,292,092	\$10,157,726	\$ 166,257	\$ 732,601	\$19,951,399	\$ 3,097,311	\$23,048,710

SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Year ended December 31					
	Notes		2024	2023				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Profit before tax		\$	3,907,643	\$	2,574,713			
Adjustments		Φ	3,907,043	Ф	2,374,713			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)								
Depreciation	6(7)(9)(24)		4,187,500		4,375,499			
Amortisation	6(24)		80,413		85,174			
Expected credit loss	12(2)		2,086		8,871			
Net profit on financial assets at fair value through profit			2,000		0,071			
or loss	0(2)(22)	(20,363)	(27,168)			
Finance costs	6(23)	(242,391	(263,342			
Interest income	6(20)	(351,949)	(374,092)			
Dividends income	6(21)	(32,056)	(27,533)			
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(7)(8)(22)	(130,546)		152,826)			
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	6(7)(8)(22)	(102,389	(132,020)			
Other non-current assets reclassified as expenses	0(7)(0)(22)		436		_			
Gains arising from lease modifications	6(9)(22)	(58)	(32)			
Government grants	6(13)	(31,854)		34,564)			
Gains on liquidation of a sub-subsidiary	6(22)	(1,091)		31,394)			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	0(22)	(1,071)	(31,377)			
Changes in operating assets								
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or								
loss			84,433		108,834			
Contract assets		(6,364)		25,046			
Notes receivable		(80)		5,254			
Accounts receivable		(826,990)		117,037			
Accounts receivable-related parties			1,743	(5)			
Other receivables		(18,838)	(32,686			
Inventories			11,008	(73,814)			
Prepayments		(36,505)	ì	86,320)			
Other current assets		(58,745)	(11,716)			
Net defined benefit assets			383	(383)			
Other non-current assets		(8,363)	(200			
Changes in operating liabilities			0,505)		200			
Contract liabilities			10,393	(20,596)			
Notes payable		(2,645)		2,754			
Accounts payable			27,992		90,014			
Other payables			628,527	(280,227)			
Provisions			345	Ì	10,253)			
Other current liabilities			6,753	`	124,973			
Net defind benefit liabilities		(8,906)	(11,245)			
Other non-current liabilities		ì	46)	`	,, -			
Cash inflow generated from operations		\	7,759,036		6,672,229			
Interest received			353,759		355,967			
Interest paid		(171,974)	(232,560)			
Dividends received		(32,056	`	27,533			
Income tax paid		(835,349)	(397,892)			
Net cash flows from operating activities		`	7,137,528	`	6,425,277			

(Continued)

SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Year ended December 31				
	Notes		2024		2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit							
or loss		(\$	30,809)	\$	-		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other							
comprehensive income		(1,454,207)		-		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value	6(3)						
through other comprehensive income			49,049		-		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost		(7,380,553)	(8,373,132)		
Proceed from disposal of financial assets at amortised cost			8,803,590		7,036,192		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(3,799,871)	(2,300,880)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			423,564		371,267		
Acquisition of intangible assets		(28,932)	(32,585)		
Increase in refundable deposits		(18,107)	(24,495)		
Decrease in refundable deposits			8,279		26,419		
Increase in other non-current assets				(4,276)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(3,427,997)	(3,301,490)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	6(29)		1,453,700		142,417		
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(29)	(1,417,069)	(133,246)		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(29)		9,327,650		8,401,592		
Repayments of long-term borrowings	6(29)	(9,598,956)	(8,541,163)		
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(29)		5,843		1,345		
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(29)	(7,138)	(368)		
Repayments of lease liabilities	6(29)	(101,632)	(147,199)		
Cash dividends paid	6(17)	(1,222,309)	(1,918,312)		
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests	4(3)	(314,569)	(327,676)		
Returning cash to non-controlling interests for a	4(3)						
subsidiary liquidation		(33,864)				
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,908,344)	(2,522,610)		
Effect of changes in exchange rate			41,908	(68,869)		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			1,843,095		532,308		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		9,406,220		8,873,912		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	11,249,315	\$	9,406,220		

SIGURD MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation (formerly named More Power Electronic Co., Ltd., the "Company") was established in the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on December 15, 1988. In 1998, the Company acquired Sigurd Corporation, via assets purchase (the acquired company was liquidated and dissolved after the merger), in order to expand and provide turnkey assembly and testing services to customers. The name of the Company was changed to Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation on November 27, 1998. The main business activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as "Sigurd Group" or the "Group") include the design, processing, testing, burn-in treatment, manufacture, trading, etc., of integrated circuits.

On February 11, 2004, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to acquire Ucomm Caesar Technology Co., Ltd., whose main business was RF testing. The Company is the surviving company and Ucomm Caesar Technology Co., Ltd. is the dissolved company. After the merger, the Company's name was retained. The effective date for the merger was March 1, 2005.

On December 30, 2005, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to acquire ASI Semiconductor Co., Ltd., whose main business was integrated circuit testing. The Company is the surviving company and ASI Semiconductor Co., Ltd. is the dissolved company. After the merger, the Company's name was retained. The effective date for the merger was June 12, 2006.

On May 8, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to acquire Meicer Semiconductor Co., Ltd., whose main business was integrated circuits packaging. The Company is the surviving company and the effective date for the merger was May 31, 2013.

2. THE DATE OF AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 27, 2025.

3. <u>APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS</u>

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amended to International Financial Reporting Standards("IFRS") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to Sigurd Group's financial position and financial performance based on Sigurd Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amended IFRSs Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2025 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to Sigurd Group's financial position and financial performance based on Sigurd Group's assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the	January 1, 2026
classification and measurement of financial Instruments' Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Contracts referencing nature-	January 1, 2026
dependent electricity' Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by IASB
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	1 2022
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19, 'Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures'	January 1, 2027
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to Sigurd Group's financial position and financial performance based on Sigurd Group's assessment.

A. Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments'

The IASB issued the amendments to:

Update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The entity shall disclose the fair value of each class of investment and is no longer required to disclose the fair value of each investment. In addition, the amendments require the entity to disclose the fair value gain or loss presented in other comprehensive income during the period, showing separately the fair value gain or loss related to investments derecognised during the reporting period and the fair value gain or loss related to investments held at the end of the reporting period; and any transfers of the cumulative gain or loss within equity related to the investments derecognised during that reporting period.

B. IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit assets (liabilities) recognised based on the net amount of pension funds assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying Sigurd Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in Sigurd Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by Sigurd Group. Sigurd Group controls an entity when Sigurd Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date Sigurd Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when Sigurd Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within Sigurd Group have been eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by Sigurd Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owners	hip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2024	2023	Description
Sigurd	Sigurd International	Investment	100	100	_
Microlectronics	Co., Ltd.	company			
Corporation					
Sigurd	Burgurd Co., Ltd.	International trade	100	100	-
Microlectronics	_	company			
Corporation					
Sigurd	TEST-SERV Inc.	Semiconductor	100	100	-
Microlectronics		assembly and			
Corporation		testing			
Sigurd	Bloomeria Limited	Investment	100	100	Note 1
Microlectronics		company			
Corporation					
Sigurd	AMBERSAN	Medical equipment	55	55	_
Microlectronics	Medical Technology	manufacturing and			
Corporation	Co., Ltd.	sales			
-					
Sigurd	Flatek, Inc.	Digital information	58.77	58.77	-
Microlectronics		supply service			
Corporation					
Sigurd	Flusol Co., Ltd.	Investment	96.66	96.66	-
Microlectronics		company			
Corporation					
Sigurd	SIGWIN	Investment	85	83.23	Note 1 and 5
Microlectronics	Cooperation	company			
Corporation					
Sigurd	UTC Holdings	Investment	100	100	Note 2
Microlectronics	Corporation	company			
Corporation					
Sigurd International	Sigurd	Investment	78.33	78.33	Note 4
Co., Ltd.	Microelectronics	company			
	(Cayman) Co., Ltd.				
Sigurd International	Flusol Co., Ltd.	Investment	3.34	3.34	-
Co., Ltd.		company			
Flusol Co., Ltd.	SIRIZE Technology	Design of testing	100	100	-
	(Suzhou) Corp.	application for			
		integrated circuits			
		and advanced			
		service of circuits			
		testing			
Sigurd	Sigurd Micro	Manufacture and	-	-	Note 3
Microelectronics	Electronics (Wuxi)	sales of			
(Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	microelectronic			
		products			
Bloomeria Limited	SIGWIN	Investment	15	16.77	Note 1 and 5
	Cooperation	company			

			Owners	hip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2024	2023	Description
SIGWIN	Winstek	Research, design	51.90	51.90	-
Cooperation	Semiconductor Co.,	and testing of			
1	Ltd.	integrated circuits			
TEST-SERV	Winstek	Research, design	0.03	0.03	_
Inc.	Semiconductor Co.,	and testing of	0.00		
	Ltd.	integrated circuits			
Winstek	Winstek	Services of turnkey	100	100	_
Semiconductor Co.,		wafer bumping and	100	100	
Ltd.	Technology	wafer level			
Ltu.	Co., Ltd.	packaging			
Winstek	TST Co., Ltd.	Plant development	100	100	_
Semiconductor Co.,	151 Co., Ltd.	and leasing	100	100	
Ltd.		and reasing			
FLATEK, INC.	OPS Electronic	Investment	100	100	
TLATER, INC.	Limited		100	100	-
DI AMBIL DIG		company	02.77	02.55	
FLATEK, INC.	TPFUSION, INC.	Digital information supply service	83.77	83.77	-
D			100	400	
FLATEK, INC.	Valuenet	Digital information	100	100	-
	International	supply service			
OPS Electronic	OPS Electronic	Manufacture and	100	100	-
Limited	(ShenZhen) Limited	sales of IC			
		programmers and			
		its parts, IC copiers,			
		components for chip			
		testers and			
		electronic			
TPFUSION INC.	TPfusion Corp.	Digital information	98	98	-
		supply service			
UTC Holdings	Sigurd UTC	Testing service of	100	100	-
Corporation	Corporation	integrated circuits			
		and manufacture,			
		sales and design of			
		dies, flip chip and			
		substrate based			
		boards			

Ownership (%)

Note 1: The Company planned to adjust the shareholding structure of Bloomeria Limited and of SIGWIN Cooperation which it held indirectly to activate the utilisation efficiency of the Group's assets and optimise the shareholders' equity as resolved by the Board of Directors on November 1, 2022. As of December 31, 2024, the adjustment results are as follows:

(A) On November 7, 2022, SIGWIN Cooperation performed capital reduction by retiring ordinary shares in the amount of \$216,557 and cash distribution from capital surplus in the amount of \$1,133,443 and returned cash to the Company and the Company's subsidiary, Bloomeria, in the amount of \$8,727 and \$1,341,273, respectively, the ratio of capital reduction was 70%.

- (B) On November 29, 2022, SIGWIN Cooperation increased cash capital in the amount of \$1,500,000 by issuing 7,653,061 ordinary new shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) and an issuance price of \$196 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected and the legal registration procedures had been completed.
- (C) On December 16, 2022, the Board of Directors of SIGWIN Cooperation resolved the capitalisation of earnings by issuing new shares. The legal registration procedures for the capitalisation of dividends amounting to \$128,000 by issuing 12,800,000 ordinary shares with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share had been completed.
- (D.) On April 21, 2023, the Board of Directors of SIGWIN Corporation resolved the capitalisation of earnings by issuing new shares. The legal registration procedures for the capitalisation of dividends amounting to \$252,659 by issuing 25,265,927 ordinary shares with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share had been completed.
- (E) Bloomeria Limited had performed capital reduction in the amount of \$1,427,162 by retiring 1,384,602,258 issued shares to activate the utilisation efficiency of the assets of the group, company and shareholders as resolved by the Board of Directors on December 14, 2022, and the legal registration procedures had been completed.
- (F) Bloomeria Limited had performed capital reduction in the amount of \$77,050 by retiring 74,272,133 issued shares to activate the utilisation efficiency of the assets of the group, company and shareholders as resolved by the Board of Directors on April 21, 2023, and the legal registration procedures had been completed.
- Note 2: On April 25, 2023, UTC Holdings Corporation reduced cash capital as resolved by the Board of Directors on behalf of the shareholders' meeting. In order to strengthen the financial structure and activate funds, UTC Holdings Corporation reduced the cash capital amounting to \$203,860 by retiring 20,385,996 issued shares. The capital reduction ratio is 6.15%, and the legal registration procedures had been completed.
 - On July 9, 2024, the Board of Directors of UTC Holdings Corporation resolved on behalf of shareholders to withdraw the cash capital reduction, which was originally resolved on April 29, 2024, and increase cash capital amounting to \$400,000 by issuing 40,000,000 shares of UTC Holdings Corporation. The 90% of the total issued shares were subscribed by original shareholders based on their shareholding ratio on the effective date of capital increase, August 1, 2024, and the 10% of the total issued shares was reserved for employees to subscribe. The legal registration procedures had been completed.
- Note 3: Sigurd Micro Electronics (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. had ceased operations in Jane 2023 and the liquidation in mainland China had been completed. Sigurd Micro Electronics (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. had returned the remaining investment amount repatriated amounting to CNY\$29,546,539.40 to its parent company, Sigurd Microelectraonics (Cayman) Co., Ltd. in August 2023.
- Note 4: Sigurd Microelectronics (Cayman) Co., Ltd. has been liquidated as resolved by the Board of

Directors on August 1, 2023, and returned cash assets amounting to US\$3,758,231 (\$122,424) to the parent company, Sigurd International Co., Ltd., and US\$1,039,555 (\$33,864) to other shareholders in July 2024. The remaining cash assets would be returned in tranches.

- Note 5: On October 28, 2024, the Board of Directors of SIGWIN Corporation resolved to increase cash capital amounting to \$420,680 by issuing 6,472,000 shares of SIGWIN Corporation at NT\$65 (in dollars) per share, which were fully subscribed by the Company on the effective date of capital increase, December 3, 2024. The legal registration procedures had been completed.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to Sigurd Group:

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the non-controlling interests amounted to \$3,097,311 and \$2,961,425, respectively. The information on non-controlling interests and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

		December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023			
Name of	Principal place		Ownership			Ownership	
subsidiary	of business	Amount	(%)	_	Amount	(%)	Description
Winstek Semiconductor	Taiwan	\$ 3,056,783	48.10%	\$	2,882,777	48.10%	-
Co., Ltd. and							
Subsidiaries							

Summarised financial information of subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries					
	Dece	mber 31, 2024 D	December 31, 2023			
Current assets	\$	3,759,864 \$	4,500,225			
Non-current assets		3,952,692	3,123,302			
Current liabilities	(1,252,407) (1,086,154)			
Non-current liabilities	(96,084) (543,245)			
Total net assets	\$	6,364,065 \$	5,994,128			

Statements of comprehensive income

	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and Subsidiarie						
	Years ended December 31,						
		2024	2023				
Revenue	\$	4,166,570	\$	3,667,818			
Profit before income tax		1,040,240		1,009,645			
Income tax expense	(191,696)	(169,802)			
Profit from continuing operations		848,544		839,843			
Profit for the year		848,544		839,843			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		175,449	(18,323)			
Total comprehensive income for the year	\$	1,023,993	\$	821,520			
Comprehensive income attributable							
to non-controlling interests	\$	492,491	\$	395,111			
Dividends paid to non-controllling interests	\$	314,569	\$	327,676			

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Statements of cash flows

	W	nd Subsidiaries			
		Years ended I	s ended December 31,		
		2024		2023	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,330,863	\$	1,536,566	
Net cash used in investing activities	(532,407)	(1,231,419)	
Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rates on cash	(993,595)	(736,731)	
and cash equivalents		37,166		10,085	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(157,973)	(421,499)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,298,093		1,719,592	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,140,120	\$	1,298,093	

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of Sigurd Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollar, which is the Company's functional and Sigurd Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet

date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "Other gains and losses".

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all Sigurd Group entities, that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period;
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income (loss).
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when Sigurd Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (c) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Sigurd Group classifies the assets which do not meet the above criteria as non-current assets.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;

- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities that does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Sigurd Group classifies the liabilities which do not meet the above criteria as non-current liabilities.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, Sigurd Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. Sigurd Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. Sigurd Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to Sigurd Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which Sigurd Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of Sigurd Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, Sigurd Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Sigurd Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to Sigurd Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of Sigurd Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, Sigurd Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method ,and recognising impairment loss. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.
- D. Sigurd Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle Sigurd Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets or contract assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, Sigurd Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, Sigurd Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

Sigurd Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and Sigurd Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, Sigurd Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) Operating leases (lessor)

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in

profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Sigurd Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $4 \sim 60$ yearsMachinery and equipment $1 \sim 10$ yearsOffice equipment $3 \sim 8$ yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 15$ years

(16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by Sigurd Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
- (b) The exercise price of a purchase option, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

Sigurd Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

(17) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 5 years.

(18) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. Sigurd Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that have not yet been available for use are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is acquired to each of the cash-generating units,

or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

(19) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Provisions

- A. Provisions are recognised when Sigurd Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.
- B. In the process of service provision, customers were unable to sell their products due to Sigurd Group's operational errors or poor product yield. Sigurd Group has assessed the liability for compensation when facts occur, and therefore has estimated related expenses and the provision for the recognition of liabilities. The provision is measured based on historical data and all possible outcomes.

(22) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refunds or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with Sigurd Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, Sigurd Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Company's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Company recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(23) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to 'Finance costs'.

(24) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by Sigurd Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into Sigurd Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares). Sigurd Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded redemption rights are recognised initially at net fair value as 'Financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'Gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to "Finance costs" over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of equity are initially recognised in 'Capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable) shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total carrying amount of the abovementioned liability component and "Capital surplus—share options".

(25) <u>Income tax</u>

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the parent

balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by Sigurd Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised, or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. A deferred tax assets shall be recognised for the carry forward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology and research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- F. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Share capital

Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their carrying amount and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(27) <u>Dividends</u>

Dividends are recorded in Sigurd Group's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by Sigurd Group's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities, stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(28) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) Sigurd Group manufactures and sells electronic components. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or Sigurd Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Since the time interval between the transfer of the promised services to the customer and payment by the customer has not exceeded one year, Sigurd Group has not adjusted the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Provision of services

- (a) Sigurd Group provides the services of research and design, engineering and testing of integrated circuits as well as the related services such as wafer bumping and wafer assembly services. An entity transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs; (b) the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. The testing and packaging services provided by Sigurd Group are in compliance with the (b) above, and shall be gradually recognised as revenue over time, and recognised as revenue via the progress towards satisfaction of completion performance obligation.
- (b) Since the time interval between the transfer of the promised services to the customer and payment by the customer has not exceeded one year, Sigurd Group has not adjusted the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(29) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. Sigurd Group's chief operating decision-maker, has been identified as Board of Directors who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying Sigurd Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying Sigurd Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

On June 20, 2023, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary of the Company resolved to retroactively adjust the estimated useful lives of parts of machinery and equipment from April 1, 2023, from the range of 2 to 6 years to the range of 2 to 9 years based on their actual use conditions and rationalities. Therefore, the impact of changes in accounting estimates on the increase (decrease) in depreciation from April 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 and in the future years is as follows:

	Aprıl l	, 2023 to					
	Decembe	er 31, 2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Depreciation	(\$	61,995)	(\$47,964)	(\$ 1,436)	\$44,427	\$ 53,385	\$ 13,583

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	903	\$	1,411	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		3,601,344		3,202,141	
Time deposits		7,647,068		6,202,668	
	\$	11,249,315	\$	9,406,220	

- A. Sigurd Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Sigurd Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Listed stocks	\$	434	\$	-
Beneficiary certificates		160,000		210,000
Corporate bonds		98,507		98,507
Redemption right of convertible				
bonds of the Company				1,050
		258,941		309,557
Valuation adjustment		22,336		4,981
	\$	281,277	\$	314,538

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair					
value through profit or loss					
Listed stocks	\$	35	\$	-	
Beneficiary certificates		8,550		17,354	
Corporate bonds		11,778		9,814	
	\$	20,363	\$	27,168	

B. Information relating to price risk and fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Notes 12(2) and (3).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Non-current items:				
Equity instruments				
Listed stocks	\$	1,567,716	\$	150,000
Emerging stocks		132,167		-
Unlisted stocks		1,070,248		1,205,166
		2,770,131		1,355,166
Valuation adjustment		732,601		803,801
	\$	3,502,732	\$	2,158,967

- A. Sigurd Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$3,502,732 and \$2,158,967 as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- B. In 2024, Sigurd Group disposed investments in listed and emerging stocks in the fair value amount

- of \$49,049, and the accumulated gain from disposal amounted to \$9,807 was reclassified to retained earnings.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2024	2023					
Equity instruments at fair value through other								
comprehensive income								
Fair value change recognised in other								
comprehensive income	(\$	61,393)	\$	568,183				
Cumulative gains reclassified to		<u>-</u>		_				
retained earnings due to derecognition	(\$	9,807)	\$					
Dividend income recognised in profit or loss								
held at end of year	\$	30,156	\$	27,523				

D. Information relating to price risk and fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Notes 12(2) and (3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Dece	December 31, 2023			
Current items: Time deposits	\$	1,732,623	\$	3,332,000	
Non-current items: Pledged time deposits Corporate bonds	\$	53,925 322,813	\$	39,887 130,000	
	\$	376,738	\$	169,887	

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	 Years ended December 31,					
	 2024		2023			
Interest income	\$ 62,366	\$	95,079			

- B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by Sigurd Group were \$2,109,361 and \$3,501,887, respectively.
- C. On December 31, 2024 and 2023, time deposits amounting to \$53,925 and \$39,887, respectively, which were restricted for the purpose of customs guarantee and rental guarantee were shown as "Non-current financial assets at amortised cost". Please refer to Note 8 for details.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of Sigurd Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so Sigurd Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Notes receivable	\$	109	\$	29		
Accounts receivable	\$	4,533,914	\$	3,706,924		
Accounts receivable - related parties		1,590		3,333		
		4,535,504		3,710,257		
Less: Loss allowance	(13,061)	(10,405)		
	\$	4,522,443	\$	3,699,852		

- A. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2023, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$3,836,708.
- B. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	 December	r 31,	, 2024	 December	er 31, 2023				
	Accounts receivable		Notes receivable	 Accounts receivable	Notes receivable				
Not past due	\$ 4,414,573	\$	109	\$ 3,623,409	\$	29			
Up to 30 days	100,534		-	67,079		-			
31 to 90 days	6,249		-	5,527		-			
91 to 180 days	1,023		-	2,817		-			
Over 181 days	 13,125			 11,425					
	\$ 4,535,504	\$	109	\$ 3,710,257	\$	29			

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- C. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents Sigurd Group's notes receivable were \$109 and \$29, respectively, and the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of Sigurd Group's accounts receivable were \$4,522,443 and \$3,699,852, respectively.
- D. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, Sigurd Group held collateral amounting to \$0 and \$11,412, respectively, for the guarantee of accounts receivable.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Inventories

		Dece	mber 31, 2024	
	 Cost	va	luation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 311,666	(\$	30,833)	\$ 280,833
Supplies	89,665	(2,681)	86,984
Work in progress	31,298	(6,405)	24,893
Merchandises and finished goods	52,908	(30,624)	 22,284
	\$ 485,537	(<u>\$</u>	70,543)	\$ 414,994

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December	4	. ,	11/4
December	<i>J</i>	1. 4	$0 \angle J$

	Cost		owance for uation loss	Book value		
Raw materials	\$ 311,007	(\$	16,451)	\$	294,556	
Supplies	81,761	(6,349)		75,412	
Work in progress	21,362	(2,126)		19,236	
Merchandises and finished goods	 47,578	(10,780)		36,798	
	\$ 461,708	(\$	35,706)	\$	426,002	

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

	Y ears ended December 31,									
		2024	2023							
Cost of goods used	\$	13,427,657	\$	11,893,335						
Loss on decline in market value		34,266		7,483						
Net exchange differences		311	(83)						
	\$	13,462,234	\$	11,900,735						

(7) Property, plant and equipment

								2024						
			Rı	uildings and		Machinery		Office		Other	p	nstruction in rogress and quipment to		
		Land		structures		nd equipment		equipment		equipment		e inspected		Total
At January 1		Land		structures	<u>u</u>	на сериринент	_	equipment		equipment		e mspected	_	1 Otal
Cost	\$	894,486	\$	4,268,309	\$	31,987,032	\$	430,299	\$	2,880,105	\$	688,823	\$	41,149,054
Accumulated	Ψ	074,400	Ψ	4,200,307	Ψ	51,707,052	Ψ	450,277	Ψ	2,000,103	Ψ	000,023	Ψ	71,177,007
depreciation														
and impairment	_		(1,643,233)	(_	21,343,100)	(_	299,934)	_	1,947,064)			(25,233,331)
	\$	894,486	\$	2,625,076	\$	10,643,932	\$	130,365	\$	933,041	\$	688,823	\$	15,915,723
<u>2024</u>														
At January 1	\$	894,486	\$	2,625,076	\$	10,643,932	\$	130,365	\$	933,041	\$	688,823	\$	15,915,723
Additions		41,534		86,186		1,530,460		75,791		89,692		2,023,472		3,847,135
Transferred from														
right-of-use assets		-		-		26,324		-		-		-		26,324
Reclassifications (Note)		-		175,753		419,701		57,600		8,952	(664,454)	(2,448)
Disposals		-		-	(286,325)		-	(6,693)		-	(293,018)
Depreciation		-	(199,485)	(3,506,169)	(96,359)	(284,333)		-	(4,086,346)
Impairment loss		-		-	(102,051)		-	(338)		-	(102,389)
Net exchange differences				18,594	_	100,702		1,692		14,048	_	38	_	135,074
At December 31	\$	936,020	\$	2,706,124	\$	8,826,574	\$	169,089	\$	754,369	\$	2,047,879	\$	15,440,055
At December 31, 2024														
Cost Accumulated	\$	936,020	\$	4,554,556	\$	31,777,670	\$	485,849	\$	2,866,752	\$	2,047,879	\$	42,668,726
depreciation														
and impairment		_	(1,848,432)	(_	22,951,096)	(_	316,760)	(2,112,383)		<u>-</u>	(27,228,671)
	\$	936,020	\$	2,706,124	\$	8,826,574	\$	169,089	\$	754,369	\$	2,047,879	\$	15,440,055

							2023						
	 Land		uildings and		Machinery nd equipment	_	Office equipment		Other equipment	pr eq	nstruction in ogress and uipment to e inspected	_	Total
At January 1													
Cost	\$ 891,422	\$	4,154,822	\$	32,675,391	\$	438,461	\$	2,794,893	\$	472,202	\$	41,427,191
Accumulated depreciation													
and impairment	 	(1,470,659)	(_	19,694,764)	(_	275,348)	(1,830,720)			(_	23,271,491)
	\$ 891,422	\$	2,684,163	\$	12,980,627	\$	163,113	\$	964,173	\$	472,202	\$	18,155,700
<u>2023</u>													
At January 1	\$ 891,422	\$	2,684,163	\$	12,980,627	\$	163,113	\$	964,173	\$	472,202	\$	18,155,700
Additions	3,064		63,597		1,241,517		57,295		235,126		506,310		2,106,909
Transferred from right-of-use assets	_		-		165,899		_		_		_		165,899
Reclassifications (Note)	-		70,473		175,842		2,406		22,283	(289,843)	(18,839)
Disposals	-		-	(218,441)		-		-	`	-	(218,441)
Depreciation	-	(182,601)	(3,682,849)	(92,138)	(288,260)		-	(4,245,848)
Net exchange differences	 	(10,556)	(_	18,663)	(_	311)	(281)		154	(_	29,657)
At December 31	\$ 894,486	\$	2,625,076	\$	10,643,932	\$	130,365	\$	933,041	\$	688,823	\$	15,915,723
At December 31, 2023													
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 894,486	\$	4,268,309	\$	31,987,032	\$	430,299	\$	2,880,105	\$	688,823	\$	41,149,054
and impairment	-	(1,643,233)	(21,343,100)	(299,934)	(1,947,064)		-	(25,233,331)
	\$ 894,486	\$	2,625,076	\$	10,643,932	\$	130,365	\$	933,041	\$	688,823	\$	15,915,723

Note: In 2024, the transfers-out of construction in progress and equipment to be inspected amounted to \$664,454, of which \$11,114 were transferred to prepaid expenses (shown as "Prepayments"). In addition, the inventories which were transferred into equipment to be inspected amounted to \$8,666 during this period.

In 2023, the transfers-out of construction in progress and equipment to be inspected amounted to \$289,843, of which \$18,389 were transferred to prepaid expenses (shown as "Prepayments").

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

	Y ears ended December 31,						
		2024		2023			
Amount capitalised	\$	12,099	\$	16,830			
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation		1.534%~1.719%		1.552%~2.087%			

- B. Impairment information about the property, plant and equipment is provided in Note 6(9).
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.
- D. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, 4,516 and 2,001 square meters of Sigurd Group's farming and grazing land were held in the name of others, respectively. Sigurd Group has obtained the mortgage set by the landowner to secure Sigurd Group's right on the untransferred part of the land.

(8) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

A. Sigurd Group recognised impairment loss for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$102,389. Details of such loss are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024					
	Re	cognised in	Recogni	sed in other		
	Curren	t profit or loss	comprehe	nsive income		
Impairment loss - machinery and equipment	\$	102,051	\$	-		
Impairment loss - others		338				
	\$	102,389	\$	_		

For the year ended December 31, 2023: None.

B. For the year ended December 31, 2024, due to prolonged idle time and unsuitability for production use, Sigurd Group experienced an impairment of machinery and equipment. Sigurd Group has adjusted their carrying amount according to their residual value and recognised an impairment loss of \$102,389.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. Sigurd Group leases various assets, including buildings, machinery and equipment and transportation equipment, office equipment for the purposes of manufacture and operations. Lease agreements are typically made for periods of 1 to 32 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases consisted of machinery and equipment and transportation equipment leased by Sigurd Group with lease terms no more than 12 months, and low-value assets are comprised of office equipment.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation are as follows:

December 31,					
2024		2023			
Car	rying amount	Carrying amount			
\$ 183,969			190,424		
	171,222		198,334		
	102,911		137,174		
	19,180		8,877		
	859		1,110		
\$	478,141	\$	535,919		
		2024 Carrying amount \$ 183,969 171,222 102,911 19,180 859	2024 Carrying amount \$ 183,969 \$ 171,222 102,911 19,180 859		

	Years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Land	Depreciation		Depreciation			
	\$	6,455	\$	6,455		
Buildings		62,930		63,669		
Machinery and equipment		24,900		52,763		
Transportation equipment (business vehicles)		6,618		6,540		
Office equipments		251		223		
	\$	101,154	\$	129,650		

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$66,595 and \$100,275, respectively.
- E. When the lease terms ceased, Sigurd Group had preemptive right on some of leased machinery and equipment. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, aforementioned lease contracts with preemptive right were due, Sigurd Group exercised the preemptive right to buy machinery and equipment in the amount of \$26,324 and \$165,899, respectively.
- F. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease agreements is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024	2023		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	18,664	\$	20,535	
Expense on short-term lease agreements		102,526		103,526	
Expense on leases of low-value assets		9,897		9,603	
Gains arising from lease modifications		58		32	

G. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Sigurd Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$232,719 and \$396,730, respectively.

(10) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	185,000	2.22%~2.26%	None
Type of borrowings	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	147,985	1.90%~3.70%	None

(11) Other payables

	Decei	mber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Accrued salaries and bonuses	\$	790,655	\$	711,026	
Accrued employees' compensation and					
directors' remuneration		613,945		383,779	
Payable for equipment and construction		426,187		361,782	
Others		1,411,710		937,511	
	\$	3,242,497	\$	2,394,098	

(12) Bonds payable

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Convertible bonds payable	\$	-	\$	1,500,000
Bonds payable		3,000,000		3,000,000
Less: Bonds payable converted		-	(200)
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(12,287)	(44,446)
		2,987,713		4,455,354
Less: Current portion				
(shown as "Other current liabilities")			(1,487,766)
	\$	2,987,713	\$	2,967,588

Domestic 1st Secured Bonds

In order to fulfill working capital, on March 10, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors approved to issue domestic first secured corporate bonds, the issuance has been filed to Taipei Exchange and has been effective. Main terms of the issuance were as follows:

- A. Total issuance amount: The bonds were issued at face value of \$1,000, the issuance number was 3,000 with a total issuance amount of \$3,000,000.
- B. Issuance duration: 5 years, from March 19, 2021 to March 19, 2026.
- C. Coupon rate and payment method: The coupon rate was fixed rate at 0.58%. Interest will be paid annually. The principle will be paid at once when it is due.
- D. Secured method: The corporate bond was guaranteed by the syndicated guaranteed contract and performance obligation contract of corporate bond guarantee which were entered by banks.

Domestic 4th Unsecured Convertible Bonds

- A. To raise the capital for acquiring machinery and equipment, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the 4th domestic unsecured convertible bonds on August 4, 2021, which had been approved by the FSC. The aforementioned unsecured convertible bonds were priced on October 2, 2021 and were issued on October 13, 2021. The major terms of issuance are as follows:
 - (a) Issue amount: Issued at 106.2% of par value of \$100. The units for this offering were 15,000, with aggregated offering amount of \$1,592,946.
 - (b) Issuance duration: Three years, from October 13, 2021 to October 13, 2024.
 - (c) Coupon rate and principal payment method: The coupon rate is 0% per annum. Except for converting the corporate bonds into the Company's ordinary share by the holder or redemption and written off by the Company through a securities firm, the Company shall repay the nominal amount of the bonds via cash in one lump sum at the time of maturity.
 - (d) Conversion period: Except for exercising the right of conversion, provided by the law, or due to a transfer suspension period stipulated in a contract (if any); the corporate bonds held by the bondholders shall be converted into ordinary shares of the Company from three months after the issuance (January 14, 2022) until the maturity date (October 13, 2024).
 - (e) Conversion price and its adjustment: The conversion price at the time of issuance is set at

\$65.4 (in dollars) per share. However, in case of ex-rights or ex-dividends after the issuance of the Company's bonds, the closing price used to calculate the conversion price shall first be calculated as the price after ex-rights or ex-dividends. After the conversion price is determined and prior to the actual issuance date, it should be adjusted according to the conversion price adjustment formula in case of ex-dividend or ex-rights. The conversion price was adjusted from \$65.4 (in dollars) to \$60.5 (in dollars) on July 20, 2022; and the conversion price was adjusted from \$60.5 (in dollars) to \$56.1 (in dollars) on August 2, 2023; and the conversion price was adjusted from \$56.1 (in dollars) to \$54.3 (in dollars) on July 5, 2024.

- (f) The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- (g) Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- B. Regarding the issuance of the domestic 4th unsecured convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$3,670 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in "Capital surplus—share options" in accordance with IAS 32. The embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognised in 'Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.09%.
- C. Through December 31, 2024, the 4th unsecured convertible bonds totaling \$1,500,000 (face value) had been fully converted into 27,171,305 shares of common stock.

(13) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2024
Long-term bank				
borrowings				
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from August 13, 2020 to April 15, 2032; principal and interest are repayable by instalments	1.275%~6.667	% (Note 1)	\$ 6,750,179
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from January 17, 2022 to February 15, 2029; principal and interest are repayable by instalments	1.35%~2.157%	Land, plant a machinery ar equipment (Note 3)	nd
Less: Current portion				$ \begin{array}{c} (& 2,672,433) \\ \$ & 5,521,913 \end{array} $
	Borrowing period	Interest rate		December 31,
Type of borrowings Long-term bank	and repayment term	range	Collateral	2023
borrowings				
Credit borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 25, 2020 to April 15, 2032; principal and interest are repayable by instalments	1.1%~7.31%	(Note 2)	\$ 7,605,674
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 26, 2019 to February 15, 2027; principal and interest are repayable by instalments	1.225%~2.04%	Land, plant and machinery and equipment (Note 3)	832,093
				8,437,767
Less: Current portion				(<u>3,129,928)</u> \$ 5,307,839
				n 1.1U/.819

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, interest expenses arising from long-term and short-term bank borrowings amounted to \$190,246 and \$206,233, respectively.

Note 1: Credit borrowings

According to the signed loan agreements, the following financial ratios and terms should be maintained before the full settlement of the debts:

- A. Current ratio: the net current assets divided by the net current liabilities in the consolidated financial statements shall not be less than 130%.
- B. Debt ratio: the total net liabilities plus contingent liabilities divided by net tangible assets shall not be more than 100%.
- C. Debt-to-equity ratio: total liabilities minus cash and cash equivalents divided by tangible net worth should not exceed 120%.
- D. Times interest earned: the net profit before tax plus interest expenses, depreciation expenses and amortisation expenses divided by interest expenses of consolidated financial statements shall be more than ten.
- E. Net tangible assets shall not be less than \$11 billion.
- F. Committed that in the borrowing period, there can not be new machinery and equipment pledged to others.
- G. Shares of TEST-SERV Inc. and Sigurd UTC Corporation held by the Company shall not be less than 51%.
- H. Shares of Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. held by the Company shall not be less than 51% and not less than half of the total number of directors. Shares of Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd. held by Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. shall not be less than 100%.
- I. The balance of deposits of Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries at the contracted bank over the recent three months on average shall not be less than \$ 60 million.
- J. On July 1, 2019, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. ("MOEA") implemented the "Action Plan for Accelerated Investment by Domestic Corporations" and companies are subsidised by financial institutions with preferential interest loans, 0.60%~1.975% of loan interest for qualified investment projects. The Company has obtained the qualification from the MOEA, and signed loan agreements with financial institutions for the line of credit amounted to \$3.590 billion with terms of 5 years. Funding from these borrowings were used in machinery and equipment and working capital. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Sigurd Group recognised grant revenue from the borrowing project in the amount of \$8,339 and \$8,259, respectively (shown as 'Other income').
- K. On July 1, 2019 Ministry of Economic Affairs R.O.C. ("MOEA") implemented the "Action Plan for welcoming Overseas Taiwanese Businesses to Return to Invest in Taiwan" and companies are subsidised by financial institutions with preferential interest loans 1.275%~1.475% of loan interest for qualified investment projects. The Group has obtained the qualification from the MOEA and signed loan agreements with financial institutions for the line of credit amounted to \$3.18 billion with term of 10 years. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company recognised grant revenue from the borrowing project in the amount

of \$5,110 and \$3,196, respectively (shown as 'Other income').

Note 2: Credit borrowings

According to the signed loan agreements, the following financial ratios and terms should be maintained before the full settlement of the debts:

- A. Current ratio: the net current assets divided by the net current liabilities in the consolidated financial statements shall not be less than 130%.
- B. Debt ratio: the total net liabilities plus contingent liabilities divided by net tangible assets shall not be more than 120%.
- C. Times interest earned: the net profit before tax plus interest expenses, depreciation expenses and amortisation expenses divided by interest expenses of consolidated financial statements shall be more than ten.
- D. Net tangible assets shall not be less than \$11 billion.
- E. Committed that in the borrowing period, there can not be new machinery and equipment pledged to others.
- F. Shares of TEST-SERV Inc. and Sigurd UTC Corporation held by the Company shall not be less than 51%.
- G. Shares of Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. held by the Company shall not be less than 51% and not less than half of the total number of directors. Shares of Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd. held by Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. shall not be less than 100%.
- H. The balance of deposits of Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries at the contracted bank over the recent three months on average shall not be less than \$ 60 million.

Note 3: Secured borrowings

According to the signed loan agreements, the following financial ratios and terms should be maintained before the full settlement of the debts:

- A. Net debt ratio: the total liabilities minus cash and cash equivalents divided by net tangible assets shall not be more than 120%.
- B. Times interest earned: the net profit before tax plus interest expenses, depreciation expenses and amortisation expenses divided by interest expenses of consolidated financial statements shall be more than ten.
- C. Net tangible assets shall not be less than \$11 billion.
- D. The purpose of bank borrowings shall be acquisition of equipment and working capital.

The abovementioned ratios were calculated based on the quarterly consolidated financial statements audited or reviewed by the independent auditors. The 2024 and 2023 consolidated financial statements met the requirements of the abovementioned ratios.

(14) Pensions

A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of

employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plans, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the pension funds deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent pension funds committees. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

(b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

		mber 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	448,797) ((\$ 458,569)		
Fair value of plan assets		238,335	206,631		
Net defined benefit liabilities	(\$	210,462) ((\$ 251,938)		

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

	2024					
	Present value of defined benefit obligations		Fair value of plan assets			
At January 1	(\$	458,569)	\$	206,621	(\$	251,948)
Current service cost	(875)		-	(875)
Interest (expense) income	(5,559)		2,549	(3,010)
	(465,003)		209,170	(255,833)
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		-		18,891		18,891
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)						
Change in demographic assumptions		-		-		-
Change in financial assumptions		11,005		-		11,005
Experience adjustments	(2,899)			(2,899)
		8,106		18,891		26,997
Pension fund contribution		_		18,374		18,374
Paid pension		8,100	(8,100)		
At December 31	(\$	448,797)	\$	238,335	(\$	210,462)

2023						
Present value of defined benefit obligations			Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit liabilities	
(\$	485,239)	\$	211,221	(\$	274,018)	
(932)		-	(932)	
(6,007)		2,700	(3,307)	
(492,178)		213,921	(278,257)	
	-		1,355		1,355	
	-		-		-	
	2,009		-		2,009	
	11,225				11,225	
	13,234		1,355		14,589	
	_		11,720		11,720	
	20,375	(20,375)			
(\$	458,569)	\$	206,621	(\$	251,948)	
	defi ol	defined benefit obligations (\$ 485,239) (932) (6,007) (492,178) - 2,009 11,225 13,234 - 20,375	defined benefit obligations plane (\$ 485,239) \$ (932) (6,007) (492,178)	defined benefit obligations Fair value of plan assets (\$ 485,239) \$ 211,221 (932) - (6,007) 2,700 (492,178) 213,921 - 1,355 - 13,234 1,355 - 11,720 20,375 (20,375)	Present value of defined benefit obligations plan assets benefit (932)	

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the funds of the Company's and its domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the funds' annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Funds" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the funds includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitisation products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the funds their minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorised by the Regulator. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that funds and hence the Company and its domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Funds Utilisation Report announced by the government.

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Years ended Dec	Years ended December 31,			
	2024	2023			
Discount rate	1.3%~1.625%	1.15%~1.3%			
Future salary increase rate	3.00%~4.00%	3.00%~4.00%			

Assumptions regarding future mortality rate are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discou	int rate	Future sala	ry increases
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%
<u>December 31, 2024</u>				
Effect on present value of				
defined benefit obligations	(<u>\$ 10,071</u>)	\$ 10,523	\$ 35,388	(\$ 33,311)
	Discou	int rate	Future sala	ary increases
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%
December 31, 2023				
Effect on present value of				
defined benefit obligations	(\$ 10,166)	\$ 10,593	\$ 30,999	(\$ 28,657)

The sensitivity analysis above is based on a change in one assumption while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liabilities in the balance sheet are the same.

The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of assumptions did not change compared to the previous period.

- (f) Expected amount of contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of Sigurd Group for the year ending December 31, 2025 is \$11,702.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established defined contribution pension plans (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's mainland China subsidiaries, Sigurd Micro Electronics (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. and SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp., have defined contribution plans. Monthly contributions to an independent funds administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the years ended

December 31, 2024 and 2023, were both 16%. Other than the monthly contributions, Sigurd Group has no further obligations.

(c) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of Sigurd Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$146,010 and \$145,707, respectively.

(15) Share capital

As of December 31, 2024, the Company's authorised capital was \$10,000,000, consisting of 1,000,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$4,839,123 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

		Unit: shares
	2024	2023
At January 1	456,744,584	456,741,020
Conversion of corporate bands	27,167,741	3,564
At December 31	483,912,325	456,744,584

(16) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

				20	24		
		Share premium		nsolidation premium		Share options	 Total
At January 1	\$	158,435	\$	244,129	\$	136,894	\$ 539,458
Conversion of corporate bonds		1,361,036		-	(136,894)	1,224,142
At December 31	\$	1,519,471	\$	244,129	\$	-	\$ 1,763,600
				20	23		
		Share	Cor	20 nsolidation)23	Share	
		Share premium)23	Share options	 Total
At January 1	<u> </u>			nsolidation	\$		\$ Total 539,296
Conversion of	\$	158,254		nsolidation premium		options 136,913	\$ 539,296
•	\$	premium		nsolidation premium		options	\$

(17) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. Legal reserve is not necessary once the reserve is equal to total paid-in capital. The balance plus past undistributed earnings is the distributable earnings.
- B. The Company's shareholders approved to appropriate earnings in cash or in shares, the first priority when appropriating earnings is cash, it also can be appropriated in shares. The appropriation of shareholders dividends was 10%~80% of distributable earnings in the current year, the ratio of cash dividends can not be lower than 10%.

The Company's shareholders approved the Company may, pursuant to a resolution to adopted by the Board of Directors as required in Item 5 Article 240 of the Company Act, distribute its dividends and bonuses, in whole or in part by cash; and in addition there to a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company may pursuant to be adopted by the Board of Directors as required in Article 241 of the Company Act, distribute its legal reserve and the following capital reserve, in whole or in part; by cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity interests is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. The appropriations for 2023 and 2022 earnings had been resolved at shareholders' meeting on May 24, 2024 and June 7, 2023, respectively. Details are as follows:

		2023	2022		
		Dividends per share		Dividends per share	
	Amount	(in dollars)	Amount	(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$ 174,937		\$ 306,271		
Cash dividends	1,222,309	\$ 2.68	1,918,312	\$ 4.20	
Total	\$ 1,397,246		\$ 2,224,583		

Note: Cash dividends were resolved by the Board of Directors on February 29, 2024 and March 7, 2023, respectively.

- E. On February 27, 2025, the Board of Directors resolved the appropriation for 2024 earnings through distribution of cash dividends amounting to \$1,209,781 in cash (\$2.5 (in dollars) per share).
- F. On February 27, 2025, the Board of Directors proposed the distribution of cash from Capital Surplus Share Premium amounting to \$725,868 (\$1.5 (in dollars) per share) in proportion to shareholders' shareholding interests. The aforementioned cash from capital surplus of 2024 has not been resolved by the shareholders.

G. Information of appropriation resolved by shareholder's meeting and the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System".

(18) Other equity interest

			2024		
	translation	statements difference operations	Unrealised gai valuation of fi at fair value t comprehens	nancial asset hrough other	S
At January 1	\$	60,183		803,801	
Revaluation		ŕ		ŕ	ŕ
– Parent company		-	. (25,776	, , , ,
 Subsidiaries Revaluation transferred to 		-	. (35,617	7) (35,617)
retained earnings – Parent company				5,110	5,110
– Farent Company – Subsidiaries		_	· · (14,917	•
Currency translation				1 1,5 1 /	, (1,5,1,)
Subsidiaries		106,074	<u> </u>		106,074
At December 31	\$	166,257	\$	732,601	\$ 898,858
			2023 Unrealised gains	` /	
	Financial st		valuation of finar		
	translation of foreign of		at fair value thro	_	Total
At January 1	\$	•	\$		\$ 336,307
Revaluation	*	100,000	Ψ	200,010	<i>\$</i> 223,237
Parent company		-		557,274	557,274
 Subsidiaries Revaluation transferred to 		-		10,909	10,909
retained earnings – Subsidiaries					
- Substitution Currency translation		-		-	-
Subsidiaries	(40,506)		- (40,506)
At December 31	\$	60,183	\$	803,801	\$ 863,984
(19) Operating revenue					
				d December	 _
			2024		2023
Revenue from contracts with	customers	\$	18,218,14	<u>4</u> \$	15,479,501

A. Disaggregation of Sigurd Group's revenue from contracts with customers:

2024	Sales revenue	Assembly and testing service revenue	Others service revenue	Total
Revenue from external				
customer contracts	\$ 88,221	\$ 18,103,786	\$ 26,137	\$ 18,218,144
Timing of revenue recognition				
Over time	\$ -	\$ 18,103,786	\$ 26,137	\$ 18,129,923
At a point in time	\$ 88,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,221
2023	Sales revenue	Assembly and testing service revenue	Others service revenue	Total
Revenue from external				
customer contracts	\$ 82,600	\$ 15,383,385	\$ 13,516	\$ 15,479,501
Timing of revenue recognition				
Over time	\$ -	\$ 15,383,385	\$ 13,516	\$ 15,396,901
At a point in time	\$ 82,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,600

B. Contract assets and liabilities

Sigurd Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	Decer	mber 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Jan	uary 1, 2023
Contract assets: Contract assets – Assembly and testing	*	135,555	\$	127,696	\$	152,984
Contract liabilities: Contract liabilities –	Ψ	133,333	Ψ	127,090	Ψ	132,364
Unearned sales revenue	\$	20,322	\$	9,929	\$	11,901

C. Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year.

	Years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the					
beginning of the year					
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	8,800	\$	5,113	

D. Refund liabilities (shown as "Other current liabilities")

The Company estimated sales discounts based on historical experience, the estimates was updated on every balance sheet dates, the details of related refund liabilities were as follows:

op anico on overly canalic consist anico, and actual	Years ended December 31,			
	•	2024		2023
Refund liabilities - current	\$	222,057	\$	302,199
(20) <u>Interest income</u>				
		Years ended	Decemb	er 31,
		2024		2023
Interest income from bank deposits Interest income from financial assets measured	\$	288,775	\$	278,382
at amortised cost Other interest income		62,366 808		95,079 808
	\$	351,949	\$	374,269
(21) Other income				
		Years ended	Decemb	er 31,
		2024		2023
Rental revenue	\$	712	\$	822
Dividend income		32,056		27,533
Government grants		32,553		33,622
Other income, others		69,621		86,153
	\$	134,942	\$	148,130
(22) Other gains and losses				
		Years ended	Decemb	
		2024		2023
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	130,546	\$	152,826
Gains on liquidation of a sub-subsidiary		1,091		31,394
Gains arising from lease modifications		58		32
Net currency exchange gains Gains on financial assets at fair value		535,496		17,427
through profit or loss		20,363		27,168
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(102,389)		-
Other gains		3,954		8,604
	\$	589,119	\$	237,451

(23) Finance costs

	Years ended December 31,			
		2024		2023
Bank borrowings	\$	190,246	\$	206,233
Bonds payable		45,578		53,320
Lease liabilities		18,664		20,535
Others		2		84
Less: Capitalisation of assets	(12,099) (16,830)
	\$	242,391	\$	263,342

(24) Expenses by nature

	Years ended December 31,			
		2024		2023
Employee benefit expense	\$	4,834,649	\$	4,336,246
Depreciation expenses on property, plant and equipment	\$	4,086,346	\$	4,245,848
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets	\$	101,154	\$	129,651
Amortisation expenses on intangible assets and other asstes	\$	80,413	\$	85,174

(25) Employee benefit expense

	Years ended December 31,			
		2024	-	2023
Wages and salaries	\$	4,121,519	\$	3,656,741
Labour and health insurance fees		343,716		335,073
Pension costs		149,895		149,946
Other personnel expenses		219,519		194,486
	\$	4,834,649	\$	4,336,246

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall range between 8%~12% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensation were accrued at \$365,000 and \$220,000, respectively; while directors' remuneration were accrued at \$15,600 and \$2,420, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in wages and salaries. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10.16% and 0.43%, respectively, of distributable profit of 2024.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of 2024 and 2023 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2024 and 2023 financial statements.

D. Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System."

(26) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

		nber 31,		
		2024		2023
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	690,107	\$	621,943
Tax on unappropriated retained earnings		22,771		21,666
Prior year income tax overestimation	(31,998)	(181,126)
Total current tax		680,880		462,483
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of				
temporary differences		56,026	(29,587)
Change in tax losses		-		3,303
Total deferred tax		56,026	(26,284)
Income tax expense	\$	736,906	\$	436,199

(b) The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2024	2023			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(<u>\$</u>	1,460) (\$	1,818)			

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

		Years ended Dece	mber 31,		
		2024	2023		
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (Note)	\$	1,088,197 \$	868,709		
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(326,757) (382,816)		
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		9,869	11,055		
Taxable losses not recognised as deferred tax					
assets		36,852	79,534		
Effect from investment tax credits	(75,384) (5,084)		
Tax on unappropriated retained earnings		22,771	21,666		
Prior year income tax overestimation	(31,998) (181,126)		
Change in assessment of realisation of					
deferred tax assets	(2,815)	2,493		
Separate tax amount		19,013	20,952		
Other	(2,842)	816		
Income tax expense	\$	736,906 \$	436,199		

Note: The applicable tax rate is calculated based on the income tax rates of each country.

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credit are as follows:

		2024								
		Recognised								
		in other								
			R	ecognised in	co	mprehensive				
	J	anuary 1		profit or loss		income	De	ecember 31		
Deferred tax assets:	_									
—Temporary differences:										
Unrealised inventory										
valuation loss	\$	2,991	\$	1,245	\$	-	\$	4,236		
Unrealised pension	(395)	(87)		-	(482)		
Defined benefit liabilities		17,933	(1,718)	(1,460)		14,755		
Long-term investment		6,436		-		-		6,436		
Depreciation expense		19,913	(2,420)		-		17,493		
Unrealised exchange loss		37,676	(36,680)		-		996		
Others		101,804	(3,202)		-		98,602		
—Tax losses		160,428		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		160,428		
Subtotal		346,786		42,862)	(1,460)		302,464		
Deferred tax assets:										
—Temporary differences:										
Defined benefit liabilities	(145)		-		-	(145)		
Unrealised exchange gain	(17,381)	(12,064)		-	(29,445)		
Bargain purchase gain Currency translation	(40,434)		-		-	(40,434)		
differences	(972)	(838)		-	(1,810)		
Others	Ì	10,236)	(262)		-	<u>(</u>	10,498)		
Subtotal	(69,168)	(13,164)		-	(82,332)		
Total	\$	277,618	(\$	56,026)	(\$	1,460)	\$	220,132		

		2023								
		Recognised								
				Recognised in	cc	omprehensive				
		January 1		profit or loss		income	Dec	cember 31		
Deferred tax assets:			_							
—Temporary differences: Unrealised inventory										
valuation loss	\$	3,806	(\$	815)	\$	_	\$	2,991		
Unrealised pension	(325)		70)	4	- ((395)		
Defined benefit liabilities	(21,298	ì	1,547)	(1,818)		17,933		
Long-term investment		6,436		-	`	<u>-</u>		6,436		
Depreciation expense		28,240	(8,327)		_		19,913		
Unrealised exchange loss		10,992	`	26,684		-		37,676		
Others		86,419		15,385		-		101,804		
—Tax losses		163,731	(3,303)		-		160,428		
Subtotal	_	320,597	_	28,007	(1,818)		346,786		
Deferred tax assets:										
—Temporary differences:										
Defined benefit liabilities	(145)		-		- (145)		
Unrealised exchange gain	(16,369)	(1,012)		- (17,381)		
Bargain purchase gain Unrealised gain or loss	(40,434)		-		- (40,434)		
on financial										
instrument	(168)		168		-		-		
Currency translation										
differences	(359)	,	613)		- (972)		
Others	(_	9,970)	(_	266)				10,236)		
Subtotal	(_	67,445)	(_	1,723)				69,168)		
Total	\$	253,152	\$	26,284	(<u>\$</u>	1,818)	\$	277,618		

D. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023

Deductible temporary differences \$ 254,238 \$ 268,312

E. The expiration periods for the tax losses not yet utilised by Sigurd Group and the related amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2024 Reported Amount/ Last year Year of Amount of unrecognised occurrence Approved Amount Unutilized amount tax losses for offset 99,902 \$ 2018 Approved Amount 2028 336,689 2020 2030 Approved Amount 365,551 2031 2021 Approved Amount

December 31, 2023

Year of	Reported Amount/			Amount of unreco	gnised	Last year
occurrence	Approved Amount	Unuti	lized amount	tax losses		for offset
2018	Approved Amount	\$	99,902	\$	-	2028
2020	Approved Amount		336,689		-	2030
2021	Approved Amount		365,551		-	2031

F. The Company's income tax returns through 2022 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(27) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2024						
		nount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	pe	arnings er share dollars)		
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	2,771,956	470,977	\$	5.89		
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		2,771,956	470,977				
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation		_	5,915				
Convertible bonds		6,443	12,849				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares	\$	2,778,399	489,741	\$	5.67		

		Year	ended Decembe	er 31, 2	023	
		nt after ne tax	Weighted avenumber of orderes outstates (share in thou	dinary nding	p	Carnings er share n dollars)
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 1,</u>	,737,319	45	56,741	<u>\$</u>	3.80
Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	1,	,737,319	45	56,741		
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Convertible bonds		12,838	2	4,592 26,738		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 1,</u>	,750,157	48	38,071	\$	3.59
(28) <u>Supplemental cash flow information</u> A. Investing activities with partial cash pa	ıvments					
r	.)		Years ended	Decem	ber 31	l,
			2024		202	23
Acquisition of property, plant and equip	oment	\$	3,847,135	\$		2,106,909
Add: Opening balance of payable on eq	uipment		361,782			470,350
Add: Ending balance of prepaid on equ Add: Payment of preemptive right of le	_		19,550			11,822
liabilities			9,413			115,863
Less: Opening balance of prepaid on eq		(11,822)	(42,282)
Less: Ending balance of payable on equ	iipment	(426,187)	(361,782)
Cash paid during the year		\$	3,799,871	\$		2,300,880
B. Financing activities with no cash flow	effects					
			Years ended	Decem	ber 31	<u>l, </u>
~ "			2024		202	23
Convertible bonds being converted to		Ф	1 407 010	Φ		100

capital stocks

1,495,819 \$

198

(29) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

				20)24					
	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Bonds payable (include current portion)			Lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received			otal liabilities om financing activites
At January 1 Changes in cash flow	\$ 147,985	\$ 8,437,767	\$	4,455,354	\$	547,326	\$	8,113	\$	13,596,545
from financing	26 621	(271.20()			,	101 (22)	,	1 205)	,	227 (02)
activities Interest paid	36,631	(271,306)	(17,400)	•	101,632) 18,664)	(1,295)	(337,602) 36,064)
Payment of preemptive right of lease	-	_	(17,400)	(10,004)		_	(30,004)
liabilities Changes in other non- cash items:	-	-		-	(9,413)		-	(9,413)
Interest expense Effect of foreign	-	-		-		18,664		-		18,664
exchange	384	27,885		-		18,338		-		46,607
Option exercised Discount on bonds	-	-	(1,495,819)		-		-	(1,495,819)
payable	-	-		45,578		-		-		45,578
Increase in lease liabilities Decrease in lease	-	-		-		66,595		-		66,595
liabilities	_	_		_	(13,515)		_	(13,515)
At December 31	\$ 185,000	\$ 8,194,346	\$	2,987,713	\$	507,699	\$	6,818	\$	11,881,576
	* 	* 1) 1)= 1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	÷		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	7 7
)23					
	C1	т ,		onds payable		T		iarantee		otal liabilities
	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	(ın	clude current portion)	,	Lease liabilities		eposits eceived	iro	om financing activites
At January 1	\$ 135,000	\$ 8,593,657	\$	4,419,632	\$	714,839	\$	13,277	\$	13,876,405
Changes in cash flow from financing	4 155,000	\$ 0,000,000,	Ψ	.,.13,002	Ψ	, 1 1,000	Ψ	10,277	Ψ	15,070,100
activities	9,171	(139,571)		-	(147,199)		977	(276,622)
Interest paid Payment of preemptive	-	-	(17,400)	(20,535)		-	(37,935)
right of lease liabilities	_	_		_	(115,863)		_	(115,863)
Changes in other non- cash items:					(113,003)			(113,003)
Interest expense Effect of foreign	-	-		-		20,535		-		20,535
exchange	3,814	(16,319)			(4,526)		87	(16,944)
Option exercised Discount on bonds	-	-	(198)		-		-	(198)
payable Increase in lease	-	-		53,320		-		-		53,320
liabilities	-	-		-		100,275		-		100,275
Others				-	(_	200)	(6,228)	(6,428)
At December 31	\$ 147,985	\$ 8,437,767	\$	4,455,354	\$	547,326	\$	8,113	\$	13,596,545

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Ene Technology Inc.	The Company was the Director of Ene Technology Inc.
Yann Yuan Investments Co., Ltd	The Company was the Director of Yann Yuan Investments Co., Ltd

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue:

	 Years ended December 31,						
	 2024		2023				
Operating revenue:							
Others - Ene Technology Inc.	\$ 11,702	\$	16,151				

Transaction prices are based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

B. Receivables from related parties:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 20		
Receivables from related parties:					
Others - Ene Technology Inc.	\$	1,590	\$	3,333	

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from operating revenue. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest.

C. Other transactions

		 Y ears ended December 31,					
	Items	 2024		2023			
Yann Yuan Investments Co., Ltd.	Dividends income	\$ 20,580	\$	20,580			
Ene Technilogy Inc.	Dividends income	799		799			
		\$ 21,379	\$	21,379			

(3) Key management compensation

	Y ears ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	159,647	\$	143,513		
Post-employment benefits		1,984		1,986		
	\$	161,631	\$	145,499		
	·					

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

Sigurd Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book			
Assets	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Purpose
Property, plant and equipment Pledged time deposits (Note)	\$	957,417	\$	1,117,356	Long-term borrowings Guarantee for import
		53,925		39,887	customs and lease
	\$	1,011,342	\$	1,157,243	

Note: Shown as "Non-current financial assets at amortised cost".

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Plant	\$	1,900,271	\$	21,726
Machinery and equipment		1,744,759		1,098,458
	\$	3,645,030	\$	1,120,184

10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Please refer to Note 6(17) for the appropriation for 2024 earnings.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

Sigurd Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that Sigurd Group can continue to operate, maintain the best capital structure to reduce capital costs, and provide compensation to shareholders. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, Sigurd Group may adjust the number of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. Sigurd Group uses the debt-to-capital ratio to monitor its capital, which is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as reported in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. The calculation of total capital is the equity reported in the consolidated balance sheet plus the net debt.

Sigurd Group's strategy for 2024 remained the same as that of 2023, which was committed to maintain the debt-to-capital ratio at around 40%. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, Sigurd Group's debt ratio was both less than 40%.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair	\$	281,277	\$	314,538
value through profit or loss				
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income		3,502,732		2,158,967
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents		11,249,315		9,406,220
Financial assets at amortised cost (including				
non-current portion)		2,109,361		3,501,887
Notes receivable		109		29
Accounts receivable (including related parties)		4,522,443		3,699,852
Other receivables		83,892		52,312
Guarantee deposits paid		58,328		48,109
	\$	21,807,457	\$	19,181,914
	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
Financial lightilding	Вссс	31, 2024	Decei	11001 31, 2023
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Φ	107.000	Ф	1.47.005
Short-term borrowings	\$	185,000	\$	147,985
Notes payable		3,951		6,596
Accounts payable		407,906		378,696
Other payables		3,242,497		2,394,098
Corporate bonds payable (including current				
portion)		2,987,713		4,455,354
Long-term borrowings (including current				
portion)		8,194,346		8,437,767
Guarantee deposits received		6,818		8,113
	\$	15,028,231	\$	15,828,609
Lease liabilities	\$	507,699	\$	547,326

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) Sigurd Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The overall risk management policies are carried out to focus on unforeseen events in markets and to minimise any adverse effects on the financial position and financial performance of Sigurd Group.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with Sigurd Group's operating units. The Board provides

written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. Sigurd Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and subsidiaries using various functional currencies, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up policies to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currencies. Group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure through coordination with Sigurd Group treasury. Foreign exchange rate risk is resulted by each business unit records their future commercial transactions and recognised assets or liabilities as foreign currency instead of their functional currency.
- iii. Sigurd Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currencies: RMB and USD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2024					
		ign currency amount thousands)	Exchange rate	F	Book value (NTD)	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	237,797	32.785	\$	7,796,175	
NTD:USD		229,290	0.031		229,290	
USD:RMB		9,411	7.321		308,540	
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	5,162	32.785	\$	169,236	
USD:RMB		12,082	7.321		396,108	
NTD:USD		847,136	0.031		847,136	

	December 31, 2023					
		eign currency amount thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)		
(Foreign currency: functional						
currency)						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	370,083	30.705	\$ 11,363,399		
NTD:USD		565,912	0.033	565,912		
USD:RMB		17,071	7.096	524,165		
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$	3,981	30.705	\$ 122,237		
USD:RMB		30,470	7.096	216,219		
NTD:USD		1,056,300	0.033	1,056,300		

- iv. The total exchange gains (including unrealised gain or loss on financial instrument and realised gain or loss on financial instrument) from significant foreign exchange variations on the monetary items held by Sigurd Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$535,496 and \$17,427, respectively.
- v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variations:

	Year ended December 31, 2024						
		Se	nsitivity analy	/sis			
	Degree of Effect on profit variation or loss		Effect on othe comprehensive income				
(Foreign currency: functional					_		
currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	77,962	\$	-		
NTD:USD	1%		2,293		-		
USD:RMB	1%		3,085		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	(\$	1,692)	\$	-		
USD:RMB	1%	(3,961)		-		
NTD:USD	1%	(8,471)		-		

	Year ended December 31, 2023						
	Sensitivity analysis						
			-	Ef	fect on other		
	Degree of	Eff	ect on profit	co	mprehensive		
	variation		or loss		income		
(Foreign currency: functional							
currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	113,634	\$	-		
NTD:USD	1%		5,659		-		
USD:RMB	1%		5,242		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	(\$	1,222)	\$	-		
USD:RMB	1%	(2,162)		-		
NTD:USD	1%	(10,563)		-		

Price risk

- i. Sigurd Group's investments in equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, consist of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, Sigurd Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by Sigurd Group.
- ii. Sigurd Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares and open-end funds issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$1,723 and \$2,173, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss; other comprehensive income would have increased/decreased by \$35,027 and \$21,590, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income on equity investments classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

- i. Sigurd Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings with floating rates, which expose Sigurd Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During 2024 and 2023, Sigurd Group's borrowings at floating rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and US dollars.
- ii. Sigurd Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held

constant, profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have decreased/increased by \$83,793 and \$85,858, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to Sigurd Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
- ii. Sigurd Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's perspective. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to Sigurd Group's credit policy, each entity in Sigurd Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual credit limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. Sigurd Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, and the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. Sigurd Group categorised customers' accounts receivable and contract assets in accordance with credit rating of customer. Sigurd Group applies the modified approach using provision matrix, loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- v. Sigurd Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - (ii) For investments in bonds that are traded over the counter, if any external credit rating agency rates these bonds as investment grade, the credit risk of these financial assets is treated low.
- vi. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties of the issuer;
 - (iii)Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments; and
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause

a default.

vii. Sigurd Group used the forecastability of the future to adjust historical and current information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable and contract assets. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the provision matrix is as follows:

	N	ot past due		to 30 days		~90 days ast due		80 days st due		Over 80 days		Total
At December 31, 2024												
Expected loss rate	0.0	01%~0.03%	0.00	1%~0.56%	4.	81%~50%	509	%~87.3%	50	0%~100%		
Total book value	\$	4,550,128	\$	100,534	\$	6,249	\$	1,023	\$	13,125	\$	4,671,059
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,061	\$	13,061
	N	ot past due		to 30 days		~90 days		80 days st due		Over 80 days	_	Total
At December 31, 2023												
Expected loss rate		0.33%	0.3	3%-0.58%	4.819	%-42.25%	49.2	%-87.3%	5	0%-100%		
Total book value	\$	3,751,105	\$	67,079	\$	5,527	\$	2,817	\$	11,425	\$	3,837,953

The abovementioned provision amounts took the collateral of guarantee of accounts receivable into account, thus, Sigurd Group's unrecognised loss allowance amounted to \$549 for the years ended December 31, 2023. In addition, there was no collaterals held by Sigurd Group for the year ended December 31, 2024.

- viii. Sigurd Group writes off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, Sigurd Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. Sigurd Group has no financial assets subject to write off on December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- ix. Movements in loss allowance for investments in debt instruments carried at amortised cost are as follows:

		Lifetime	e	
	12 months	Significant increase in credit risk	Impairment of credit	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$ 2,109,361	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,109,361
		December 31	, 2023	
		Lifetime	e	
	12 months	Significant increase in credit risk	Impairment of credit	Total
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$ 3,501,887	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,501,887

The financial assets at amortised cost held by Sigurd Group are all time deposits with maturity over three months, pledged time deposit and corporate bonds. The credit risk rating has no significant abnormal situation.

x. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable are as follows:

		2024
		eceivable and ts receivable
At January 1	\$	10,405
Provision for impairment		2,086
Effect of foreign exchange		570
At December 31	\$	13,061
		2023
	-	2023 eceivable and
	accoun	ts receivable
At January 1	\$	53,282
Provision for impairment		8,871
Writes-offs	(51,511)
Effect of foreign exchange	(237)
At December 31	\$	10,405

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of Sigurd Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of Sigurd Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that Sigurd Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration Sigurd Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. Sigurd Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Floating rate:				
Expiring within one year	\$	1,975,909	\$	3,942,318
Expiring beyond one year		4,765,925		2,224,824
	\$	6,741,834	\$	6,167,142

iii. The table below analyses Sigurd Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

		Between 6			
	Less than 6	months and	Between 1	Over	
December 31, 2024	months	1 year	and 2 years	2 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilitie	<u>s</u>				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 185,546	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,546
Notes payable	3,951	-	-	-	3,951
Accounts payable	407,906	-	-	-	407,906
Other payables	3,242,497	-	-	-	3,242,497
Lease liabilities	59,296	58,250	76,841	434,557	628,944
Bonds payable	17,400	-	3,017,400	-	3,034,800
Guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	6,818	6,818
Long-term borrowings	1,469,894	1,481,722	2,420,395	4,505,660	9,877,671
(including current portion)					
		Between 6			
	Less than 6	months and	Between 1	Over	
December 31, 2023	months	1 year	1 year and 2 years 2 years		Total
Non-derivative financial liabilitie	<u>S</u>				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 148,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,307
Notes payable	6,596	-	-	-	6,596
Accounts payable	378,696	-	-	-	378,696
Other payables	2,394,098	-	-	-	2,394,098
Lease liabilities	59,452	69,475	101,021	483,832	713,780
Bonds payable	17,400	1,499,800	17,400	3,017,400	4,552,000
Guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	8,113	8,113
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	1,734,417	1,411,460	3,226,674	2,339,460	8,712,011

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of Sigurd Group's investments in listed stocks and beneficiary certificates are included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of Sigurd Group's investments in equity investment without active market are included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term and long-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values.

	December 31, 2024									
			Fair value							
	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3						
Financial liabilities:										
Bonds payable										
(including current portion)	\$ 2,987,713	\$ -	\$ 2,928,394	\$ -						
		Decembe	r 31, 2023							
			Fair value							
	Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3						
Financial liabilities: Bonds payable										
(including current portion)	\$ 4,455,354	\$ -	\$ 4,378,779	\$ -						

- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss					
Listed company stocks	\$ 391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 391	
Beneficiary certificates	171,878	-	-	171,878	
Corporate bonds	109,008	-	-	109,008	
Financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Equity securities	1,570,718	<u> </u>	1,932,014	3,502,732	
	\$1,851,995	\$ -	\$ 1,932,014	\$ 3,784,009	
December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss					
Beneficiary certificates	\$217,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,308	
Corporate bonds	97,230	-	-	97,230	
Financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Equity securities	136,588		2,022,379	2,158,967	
	\$451,126	\$ -	\$ 2,022,379	\$ 2,473,505	

- (b) The methods and assumptions Sigurd Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments Sigurd Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level

1) are listed below by characteristics:

				Convertible
	Listed shares	Open-end fund	Corporate bond	(exchangeable) bond
Market quoted price	Closing price	Closing price	Weighted average quoted price	Closing price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to Convertible fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

		2024		2023	
	Equ	uity securities	Equity securities		
At January 1	\$	2,022,379	\$	1,484,109	
Gains and losses recognised in other					
comprehensive income Recorded as unrealised (losses) gains on					
valuation of investments in equity					
instruments measured at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		286,411		538,270	
Sold in the year	(15,430)		-	
Transfers out from level 3	(361,346)			
At December 31	\$	1,932,014	\$	2,022,379	

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2023, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3. Certain equity instruments registered as emerging stocks in March 2024 and with stably increased transaction volume, observable quoted prices could be obtained. Therefore, the Group transferred those equity instruments from level 3 to level 1.
- G. Group treasury is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to Convertible market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fa	ir value at		Significant	Range	Relationship	
	Dec	ember 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to	
		2024	technique	input	average)	fair value	
Non-derivative equity instrument:	•						
Unlisted shares	\$	1,932,014	Net asset value	Not applicable	0.90 Not applicable		
	Fa	ir value at		Significant	Range	Relationship	
	Dec	ember 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to	
		2023	technique	input	average)	fair value	
Non-derivative equity instrument:							
Unlisted shares	\$	1,928,337	Net asset value	Not applicable	0.90	Not applicable	
Unlisted shares		94,042	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in difference measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

As of December 31, 2024: None.

			December 31, 2023								
					Recognis	sed in other					
			Recognised is	n profit or loss	compreher	nsive income					
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable					
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change					
Financial assets	S										
Equity	Price to book										
instrument	ratio multiple	±1%	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 940	(<u>\$ 940</u>)					

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the year (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 7.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 8.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting year: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting year: Please refer to table 9.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 10.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 11.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland China: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: As of December 31, 2024, there is no major shareholder who held equally or more than 5% shareholding of the Company.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The management of Sigurd Group has identified reporting segments based on the information used by the chief operating decision-maker in decision making.

Sigurd Group's chief operating decision-maker has conducted businesses from a product line perspective. Sigurd Group's segments include assembly and testing and international trading.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The General Manager evaluates the performance of reporting segments based on a measure excluded the effects of non-recurring expenditure such as restructuring costs, legal fees and goodwill impairments when the impairment is the result of an isolated, non-recurring event, as well as the effects of equity-settled share-based payment and unrealised gains/losses on financial instruments. Interest income and expense are not allocated to reporting segments, as these types of activities are driven by Sigurd Group's treasury, which manages the cash position of Sigurd Group.

(3) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reporting segments is as follows:

		Year	end	ed December 31,	2024			
		Assembly and testing		International trading		Total		
Revenue from external customers	\$	18,159,382	\$	58,762	\$	18,218,144		
Segment income (loss) (Note)		3,878,741		28,902		3,907,643		
			De	cember 31, 2024				
		Assembly		International				
		and testing		trading		Total		
Segnent Assets	\$	38,599,141	\$	1,035,507	\$	39,634,648		
	Year ended December 31, 2023							
		Assembly		International				
		and testing		trading		Total		
Revenue from external customers	\$	15,447,339	\$	32,162	\$	15,479,501		
Segment income (loss) (Note)		2,554,136		20,577		2,574,713		
			De	cember 31, 2023				
		Assembly		International				
		and testing	_	trading		Total		
Segnent Assets								

Note: Exclusive of income tax.

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Revenue, profit and loss, assets and liabilities under reporting segments are carried out the same manner as in the consolidated financial statements. Thus, no reconciliation is needed.

(5) <u>Information on products and services</u>

External customer revenue is mainly derived from the assembly and testing services of integrated circuits. The performance of reporting segments is the same as that in Note 6(18).

(6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

Vear ended December 31, 2024

Year ended December 31, 2024

		Year ended Ded	emb	er 31, 2024		Year ended December 31, 2023					
			N	Non-current			Non-current				
	<u> </u>	Revenue	assets			Revenue	assets				
Taiwan	\$	12,759,390	\$	15,143,136	\$	10,824,983	\$	15,420,335			
Singapore		2,689,154		-		2,138,091		-			
America		848,245		-		537,433		-			
China		981,922		1,050,371		1,019,531		1,330,744			
Others		939,433		811		959,463		908			
Total	\$	18,218,144	\$	16,194,318	\$	15,479,501	\$	16,751,987			

(7) Major customers information

Major customers information of Sigurd Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Y	ear ended Dece	mber 31, 2024	 Year ended December 31, 2023					
		Revenue	Segment	 Revenue	Segment				
A	\$	2,568,767	All group	\$ 3,048,914	All group				
D		1,467,991	All group	1,451,051	All group				
В		1,408,900	All group	1,467,991	All group				

Loans to others

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 1

Maximum outstanding balance during

				balance during												
				the year					Amount of							
		General	Is a	ended	Balance at			Nature of	transactions	Reason	Allowancef			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
		ledger	related	December 31,	December	Actual amount	Interest	loan	with the	for short-term	or doubtful	Coll	ateral	granted to	total loans	
Creditor	Borrower	account	party	(Note 2)	31, 2024	drawn down	rate	(Note 3)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	a single party	granted	Footnote
FLATEK, Inc.	Greenflatek,	Other	N	840	840	840	1.0%	Reason for	-	Operational	-	-	-	14,741	14,741	Note 4 \
	Inc.	receivables						short-term		need						Note 6
								financing								
Valuenet	Greenflatek,	Other	N	7,717	7,717	7,717	1.0%	Reason for	-	Operational	-	-	-	23,731	23,731	Note 4 \
International	Inc.	receivables						short-term		need						Note 6
Ltd.								financing								
Valuenet	TPfusion Corp.	Other	Y	9,852	9,837	9,837	1.0%	Reason for	-	Operational	-	-	-	23,731	23,731	Note 4
International		receivables -						short-term		need						
Ltd.		related party						financing								
Valuenet	OPS Electronic	Other	Y	31,691	31,450	31,450	1.0%	Reason for	-	Operational	-	-	-	177,981	177,981	Note 5
International	Limited	receivables -						short-term		need						
Ltd.		related party						financing								
	Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet International	FLATEK, Inc. Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet Valuenet International Ltd. Valuenet OPS Electronic International Limited	CreditorBorrowerledger accountFLATEK, Inc.Greenflatek, Inc.Other receivablesValuenetGreenflatek, Inc.OtherInternationalInc.receivablesLtd.ValuenetTPfusion Corp.OtherInternational Ltd.receivables - related partyValuenetOPS Electronic InternationalOtherInternationalLimitedreceivables -	CreditorBorrowerledger accountrelated partyFLATEK, Inc.Greenflatek, Inc.Other receivablesNValuenetGreenflatek, Other receivablesNInternational Inc.receivablesLtd.ValuenetTPfusion Corp. Other YYInternational Ltd.receivables - related partyValuenetOPS Electronic Other YYInternational Limitedreceivables - receivables -	CreditorBorroweraccountIs a relatedthe year ended relatedFLATEK, Inc.Greenflatek, Inc.Other receivablesN840ValuenetGreenflatek, Inc.Other receivablesN7,717International Inc.receivablesLtd.ValuenetTPfusion Corp. Other Y 9,852International Inc.receivables - related partyLtd.related partyValuenetOPS Electronic Other Y 31,691International International Limitedreceivables - receivables -	General ledger related party (Note 2) 31, 2024 FLATEK, Inc. Greenflatek, Inc. Inc. receivables Valuenet Greenflatek, Other N 7,717 7,717 International Inc. receivables Ltd. Valuenet TPfusion Corp. Other Y 9,852 9,837 International receivables - Ltd. Valuenet OPS Electronic Other Y 31,691 31,450 International Limited receivables -	Creditor Borrower account party (Note 2) 31, 2024 drawn down	Creditor Borrower account party (Note 2) 31, 2024 drawn down rate	Creditor Borrower account party (Note 2) 31,2024 drawn down rate (Note 3)	Creditor Borrower account PLATEK, Inc. Greenflatek, Other Inc. receivables Inc. receivables Inc. receivables Inc. TPfusion Corp. Other Y 10ther Y 10ther Y 10ther 10th	CreditorBorrower Inc.Other receivables receivablesNature of related ledger relatedNature of related ended related ledgerReason party (Note 2)Actual amount of drawn down (Note 3)Interest (Note 3)Nature of transactions with the party with the for short-term (Note 3)Reason for short-term (Note 3)Nature of transactions with the party with the par	Creditor Borrower Creditor Greenflatek, Inc. Precision Creditor Creditor	the year ended ledger related party (Note 2) 31, 2024 drawn down rate (Note 3) borrower financing account precisional line. FLATEK, Inc. Greenflatek, Other receivables related line. Valuenet Greenflatek, Other N 7,717 7,717 7,717 7,717 7,717 1.0% Reason for line. International Inc. receivables receivab	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Creditor Borrower General ledger Is a related party Manage ended period problem of the party Amount of with the problem of the party with the party with the problem of the party with

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Fill in the maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the year ended December 31, 2024.
- Note 3: The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 'Business transaction or 'Short-term financing'.
- Note 4: In accordance with this entity's Procedures for Provision of Loans: the ceiling on total loans granted is 40% of its net equity, and the limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of its net equity, except loans to subsidiaries.
- Note 5: In accordance with this entity's Procedures for Provision of Loans: ceiling on total loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to all overseas subsidiaries is
 - 300% of the creditor's net assets; limit on loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to a single subsidiary is 300% of the creditor's net assets.

Note 6: The loans provided by FLATEK, Inc. its fully owned subsidiary, Valuenet International Ltd. ("Valuenet") to Greenflatek, Inc. were expired. Novemer 24, 2023. The Company's dealing methods are explained as follows:

- 1. As Greenflatek, Inc. did not repay the loan before the originally loan agreed repayment date (November 24, 2023), FLATEK and Valuenet did not provide the loan to Greenflatek, Inc.
- 2. To protect the company's rights and interests, FLATEK, Inc. and Valuenent had issued certified letter to greenflatek, Inc. on November 22, 2023 and December 13, 2023, respectively.
- 3. o protect the company's rights and interests, FLATEK and Valuenent had issued an application for civil payment order to Greenflatek, Inc. on February 2, 2024.
- 4. As of December 31, 2024 the unpaid principal of Greenflatek, Inc. to FLATEK, Inc. and Valuenent was \$822 and \$7,559, respectively; the unpaid interest was \$18 and \$158, respectively.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Ratio of

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

									Rano oi					
									accumulated					
					Maximum				endorsement/					
		Party beir	ng		outstanding	Outstanding			guarantee		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/guar	anteed	Limit on	endorsement/	endorsement/			amount to net		endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
		'	Relationship	endorsements/	guarantee	guarantee		Amount of	asset value of	Ceiling on	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	amount at	Actual	endorsements/	the endorser/	total amount	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
			endorser/	provided for a	December 31,	December 31,	amount	guarantees	guarantor	of guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	Endorser/		guarantor	single party	2024	2024	drawn down	secured with	company	provided	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	(Note 8)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	collateral	(Note 10)	(Note 9)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	Sigurd	SIRIZE Technology	3	\$ 8,978,131	\$ 1,182,060	\$ 655,700	\$ 236,620	\$ -	3.29%	\$ 8,978,131	Y	N	Y	
	Microelectronics	(Suzhou) Corp.												
	Corp.													
0	Sigurd	Flatek, Inc.	3	8,978,131	150,000	150,000	135,000	-	0.75%	8,978,131	Y	N	N	
	Microelectronics													
	Corp.	337' 1	2	6 264 065	200.000				0.000/	6 264 065	37	N	N	
1	Winstek	Winstek	2	6,364,065	300,000	-	-	-	0.00%	6,364,065	Y	N	N	
	Semiconductor	Semiconductor												
	Co Ltd	Technology Co., Ltd.												

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Having business relationship.

reports audited or reviewed by CPA.

- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- Note 3: Fill in limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party and ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided as prescribed in the endorser/guarantor company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", and state each individual party to which the endorsements/guarantees have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided in the footnote.
- Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: As of the end of the year, the Company shall bear the responsibility for endorsement/guarantee upon the signing of the endorsement/guarantee contract with the bank or upon the approval of limit.

 Other relevant endorsements/guarantees should be included in the endorsement/guarantee balance.
- Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.
- Note 8: In accordance with the Company's Procedures for Provision of Loans: the limit on endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 45% of its net assets.
- Note 9: In accordance with the Company's Procedures for Provision of Loans: the ceiling on total endorsements/guarantees is 45% of the Company's net assets,
- Note 10: The total endorsement/guarantee amount provided by Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (Winstek Technology) shall not exceed 50% of the its net value in the latest period.

 The endorsement guarantee limit for a single enterprise shall be limited at 20% of the net value of Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (Winstek Technology) at the time when the endorsement/guarantee was made.

However, an endorsement/guarantee between Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (Winstek Technology) and among companies of which Winstek Technology directly or indirectly holds 100% of the voting shares, or other companies that Winstek Technology has agreed to purchase and upon completion will become a subsidiary of which Winstek Technology directly or indirectly holds 100% shares, and approved by a resolution of the Board of Directors, its endorsement/guarantee amount shall not be restricted by the aforesaid total amount of endorsement/guarantee and the limit of endorsement/guarantee for a single enterprise. However, the endorsement/guarantee to a single enterprise shall not exceed 100% of the net value of Winstek Technology in its most recent financial reports audited or reviewed by CPA.

In addition, the endorsement/guarantee not between Winstek Technology and among companies of which Winstek Technology directly or indirectly holds 100% voting shares, the total cumulative amount of such external endorsements/guarantees shall not exceed 100% of the net value of Winstek Technology in its most recent financial

Table 2, Page 1

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the year (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2024

Table 3

As of December 31	, 2024
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						•		
		Relationship with the	General					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Sigurd Microelectronics	Fuh Hwa Emerging Market Short-term Income Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	1,798,561	\$ 21,241	-	\$ 21,241	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Fuh Hua Global Bond Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	1,983,786	30,195	-	30,195	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Jih Sun Taiwan Quality Multi-Asset Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	1,000,000	11,679	-	11,679	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	UPAMC. CB Strategy Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	5,000,000	57,493	-	57,493	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Taishin Flexible Income Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	1,994,018	21,270	-	21,270	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Jih Sun Taiwan Quality Multi-Asset Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value	3,000,000	30,000	-	30,000	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Codeis Securities S.A Smart Cash Notes	None	Current financial assets at fair value	2,900,000	109,008	-	109,008	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Chailease-KY	None	Current financial assets at fair value	3,469	391	-	391	
Corp.			through profit or loss					
Sigurd Microelectronics	ENE Technology Inc.	The Company was its	Non-current financial assets at fair value	593,543	27,896	1.31%	27,896	
Corp.		director	through other comprehensive income					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Advanplating Technology Co., Ltd.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value	1,185,000	-	11.36%	-	
Corp.			through other comprehensive income					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Ordinary Shares of EGTRAN Inc.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value	21,689	_	2.16%	_	
Corp.	•		through other comprehensive income	,				
Sigurd Microelectronics	iDESYN Semiconductor Corp. Co., Ltd.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value	17,280	_	0.12%	_	
Corp.	1225 11 V Seimeonauctor Corp. Corp. Etc.	None	through other comprehensive income	17,200	_	0.1270	_	
•	Yann Yuan Investments Co., Ltd.	The Commence ite		40,000,000	1 020 201	5 700/	1 020 201	
Sigurd Microelectronics	i ann i uan illyestillents Co., Ltd.	The Company was its		49,980,000	1,930,281	5.70%	1,930,281	
Corp.		director	through other comprehensive income					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Ardentec Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value	4,100,000	217,710	0.84%	217,710	
Corp.			through other comprehensive income					
Sigurd Microelectronics	Chailease Holding Co., Ltd-PFD (5871ATT)	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value	500,000	49,050	0.33%	49,050	
Corp.			through other comprehensive income					

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the year (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2024

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

As of December 31, 2024

		Relationship with the	General					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Cathe life issurance accumlated subordiate corporate bonds without maturity	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	\$ 300,000	\$ 30,000	-	\$ 30,000	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	The First Issue of Unsecured Cumulative Subordinated Corporate Bonds of Taiwan Life in 2024 – Tranche B	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	1,000,000	100,000	-	100,000	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Cathaylife Singapore Pte. Ltd. Overseas Issuance of Subordinated USD Bonds	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	-	34,663	-	34,663	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	The Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd. 2nd issue of Unsecured Cumulative Subordinated Corporate Bonds B in 2024	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	1,000,000	100,000	-	100,000	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited 111-1 Unsecured Corporate Bond-B	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	500,000	48,100	-	48,100	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	TCC Group Holdings Co., Ltd. 1st Domestic Unsecured Convertible Bond	None	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	100,500	10,050	-	10,050	
Sigurd UTC Corporation	Ardentec Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	5,145,000	273,200	1.05%	273,200	
SIGWIN Cooperation	Ardentec Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,386,000	232,897	0.89%	232,897	
TEST-SERV Inc.	Samhop Microelectronics Corp.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	114,757	-	1.07%	-	
TEST-SERV Inc.	Sitec Semiconductor Ltd.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20,545,354	-	1.22%	-	
TEST-SERV Inc.	Deepwaters Digital Support Inc.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	190,476	-	0.70%	-	
TEST-SERV Inc.	Chailease Holding Co., Ltd-PFD (5871ATT)	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	100,000	9,810	0.07%	9,810	
TEST-SERV Inc.	Ardentec Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,440,000	235,764	0.91%	235,764	
Sigurd UTC Corporation	Paradigm I Venture Capital Company	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	875,000	1,733	7.92%	1,733	
Sigurd UTC Corporation	Nano Electronics and Micro System Technologies, INC.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,518,090	271,954	8.73%	271,954	
Sigurd UTC Corporation	Ardentec Corporation	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,754,000	252,437	0.97%	252,437	

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the year period ended December 31, 2024

(Except as otherwise indicated)

5,145,000

273,200

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

Balance as at Balance as at December 31, Relationship with January 1, 2024 Additions (Note 3) Disposal 2024 (Note 5) Marketable General Number of securities ledger the investor Number of Number of Number of Book value Investor (Note 1) Counterparty (Note 2) shares Amount shares Amount shares shares account Amount Sigurd Microelectronics SIGWIN Cooperation Investments accounted for SIGWIN Cooperation 45,778,988 \$ 3,113,493 6,472,000 \$ 420,680 52,250,988 \$ 3,599,559 Subsidiary Corp. using equity method 40,000,000 Sigurd Microelectronics Sigurd UTC Corporation Investments accounted for Sigurd UTC Corporation Subsidiary 311,175,011 2,876,358 400,000 351,175,011 3,705,206

5,145,000

326,865

comprehensive income

using equity method Non-current financial

assets at fair value through other

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Corp.

Sigurd UTC Corporation Ardentec Corporation

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 5: The balance is included the addition of non-current financial assete at fair value through other comprehensive income, unrealised loss from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the increase in long-term equity investments, investment gain (loss) accounted for using equity method and changes in cumulative translation adjustment of long-term equity investments.

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year period ended December 31, 2024

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

							If the counterparty	is a related party, infor the real estate is dis	transaction of		Reason for		
								Relationship			Basis or	acquisition of	
		Date of the	Transaction	Status of		Relationship	Original owner who	between the original	Date of the		reference used	real estate and	
Real estate	Real estate	event	amount	payment		with the	sold the real estate	owner and the	original		in setting the	status of the	Other
acquired by	acquired	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Counterparty	counterparty	to the counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	real estate	commitments
Sigurd UTC	Property,	May 2024	\$ 1,680,000	Paid in full	Resonac HD	None	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Professional	Operational need	None
Corporation	plant				Taiwan Co., Ltd	•					valuation report		
	and										and auditors'		
	equipment										fairness opinion		
Winstek	Property,	Oct 2024	1,695,330	1,000,000	Sigurd UTC	Close family	Resonac HD Taiwan	None	Sep 2024	1,680,000	Professional	Operational need	None
Semiconducto	plant				Corporation	members of	Co., Ltd.				valuation report		
r Technology	and					the ultimate					and auditors'		
Co., Ltd.	equipment					controlling					fairness opinion		
						parts							

Note 1: The date was based on the capital appropriation approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 2: Including value-added business tax on buildings.

Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year period ended December 31, 2024

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Transaction date or date of the			Disposal	Status of collection of						
Real estate		event	Date of		amount	proceeds	Gain (loss)		Relationship with	Reason for	Basis or reference used	Other
disposed by	Real estate	(Note 1)	acquisition	Book value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	on disposal	Counterparty	the seller	disposal	in setting the price	commitments
Sigurd UTC	Property, plant	Oct 2024	Sep 2024	\$ 1,614,600	\$ 1,695,330	\$ 1,000,000	Note 3	Winstek	Close family	Operational	Professional valuation	None
Corporation	and equipment							Semiconductor	members of the	need	report	
								Technology Co.,	ultimate			
								Ltd.	controlling parts			

Note 1: The date was based on the disposal approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 2: Including value-added business tax on buildings.

Note 3: As of December 31, 2024, only the first installment was resolved by the Board of Directors and received as agreed, and gain (loss) on disposal would be recognised on the actual trade date.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 7 Expresse

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

			Transaction			(Note)			Notes/accounts receivable (payable)				
		Relationship with the	Purchases			Percentage of total purchases						Percentage of total notes/accounts	-
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(\$	359,652)	(26%)	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	\$	64,615	20%	Note
Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd	Parent Company	Purchases		359,652	14%	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	(64,615)	(34%)	Note
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp.	Parent Company	Sales	(172,925)	(1%)	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-		204,248	5%	Note

Note: The sales prices and payment terms of intercompany sales are not significantly different from those to third parties. For other intercompany transactions, prices and terms are determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

							Amount collected		
		Relationship			Overdue r	eceivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for	
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts	Footnote
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	SIRIZE Technology	Subsidiary	\$ 204,248	0.96	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	Shown as 'Accounts
	(Suzhou) Corp.								receivable'
Winstek Semiconductor Co.,	Winstek Semiconductor	Subsidiary	111,548	Note	-	-	-	-	Shown as 'Other
Ltd.	Technology Co., Ltd.								receivable'

Note: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

Number			Relationship			Transaction	Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	terms	revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp.	1	Operating revenue	\$172,925	Note 6	0.95%
0	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp.	1	Accounts receivable	204,248	Note 6	0.50%
0	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	TEST-SERV Inc.	1	Rental expense	51,052	Note 6	0.28%
0	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	TEST-SERV Inc.	1	Dividend (Shown as "the deduction of investments accounted for using equity method")	85,814	-	0.47%
0	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	SIGWIN Cooperation	1	Dividend (Shown as "the deduction of investments accounted for using equity method")	396,550	-	2.18%
1	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology	3	Operating revenue	359,652	Note 6	1.97%
1	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	64,615	Note 6	0.16%
1	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology	3	Other receivables	111,548	Note 6	0.27%
1	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Dividend (Shown as "the deduction of investments accounted for using equity method")	272,125	-	1.49%
4	SIGWIN Cooperation	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	3	Dividend (Shown as "the deduction of investments accounted for using equity method")	339,487	-	1.86%
3	FLATEK INC.	TPFUSION INC.	3	Other receivables	63,950	Note 6	0.35%
3	FLATEK INC.	OPS Electronic (ShenZhen) Limited	3	Accounts receivable	26,378	Note 6	0.07%

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
 - (1)Parent company is '0'.
 - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
 - (1)Parent company to subsidiary.
 - (2)Subsidiary to parent company.
 - (3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on year-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the year to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: The Company may decide to disclose or not to disclose transaction details in this table based on the Materiality Principle.
- Note 5: Including the amount of the parent company's fund loaned to subsidiary, according to the agreed interest rate plus interest.
- Note 6: For these transactions, the prices and times were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.
- Note 7: Only the transactions over \$20,000 are disclosed, and the related party transactions are not disclosed.

Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation Information on investees For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 10

				Initial invest	ment amount	_			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company	
	Investee		Main business	Balance as at December 31,	Balance as at December 31,	Shares he	ld as at December	31, 2024	year ended December 31, 2024	for the year ended December 31, 2024	
Investor	(Notes 1 and 2)	Location	activities	2024	2023	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))	Footnote
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Sigurd International Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	\$ 975,135	\$ 975,135	30,254,043	100.00	\$ 177,475	\$ 17,339	\$ 17,339	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Burgurd Co., Ltd.	Hongkong	International trade company	62,391	62,391	-	100.00	1,216	(28)	28)	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	TEST-SERV Inc.	Taiwan	Semiconductor assembly and testing	1,403,337	1,403,337	80,200,031	100.00	1,393,176	152,497	153,452	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Bloomeria Limited	Singapore	Investment company	139,564	216,614	743,343,902	100.00	635,342	2,642	45	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	AMBERSAN medical technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Medical equipment manufacturing and sales	36,300	36,300	3,630,000	55.00	40,259	19,034	10,480	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	FLATEK, INC.	Taiwan	Digital Information supply service	100,000	100,000	10,000,000	58.77	21,204	(42,394)	24,728)	
Sigurd Microelectronics Corp.	Flusol Co., Ltd.	Hongkong	Investment company	1,359,400	1,359,400	-	96.66	382,018	(109,099)	101,395)	
Sigurd Microelectronic Corp.	SIGWIN Cooperation	Taiwan	Investment company	1,921,952	1,501,272	52,250,988	85.00	3,599,559	445,137	371,168	
Sigurd Microelectronic Corp.	Sigurd UTC Corporation	Taiwan	Investment company	2,699,319	2,299,319	351,175,011	100.00	3,705,206	328,836	329,104	
Sigurd International Co., Ltd.	Sigurd Microelectronics (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment company	795,850	795,850	35,503,018	78.33	16,007	16,417	-	Note 3
Sigurd International Co., Ltd.		Hongkong	Investment company	47,106	47,106	-	3.34	13,592	(109,099)	-	

Table 10

											N	Net profit (loss)	Investr	nent income (loss)	
				Initial inve	stment	t amount					of th	ne investee for the	recognis	ed by the Compan	y
Investor	Investee (Notes 1 and 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31 2024	, as a	Balance at December 31, 2023	Shares hell	d as at December		024 ook value	year	ended December 31, 2024 (Note 2(2))	Dec	the year ended ember 31, 2024 Note 2(3))	Footnote
Bloomeria Limited	SIGWIN				, ¢						Φ.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11010 2(3))	Toomote
Bioomeria Limited	Cooperation	Taiwan	Investment company	\$ 1,048,833) ф	1,048,833	\$ 9,221,012	15.00	Э	635,234	Э	445,137	Þ	·	-
Ge-Shing Cooperation	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Packaging testing	2,390,790)	2,390,790	70,726,438	51.90		3,303,259		848,544		-	
Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Winstek Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Packaging testing	1,875,740)	1,875,740	210,000,000	100.00		2,971,899		520,885		-	-
Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	TST Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Plant development and leasing	200,000)	200,000	20,000,000	100.00		201,361		1,171		-	-
TEST-SERV Inc.	Winstek Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Packaging testing	1,120)	1,120	43,000	0.03		4,816		848,544		-	-
FLATEK, INC.	OPS Electronic Ltd.	Hongkong	Investment company	40)	40	10,000	100.00		23,766		-		-	-
FLATEK, INC.	TPFUSION INC.	Taiwan	Digital Information supply service	19,350)	19,350	1,935,000	83.77	(54,546)		-		-	-
FLATEK, INC.	Valuenet International Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Digital Information supply service	1,566	3	1,568	50,000	100.00		59,326		3,521		-	-
TPFUSION INC.	TPfusion Corp.	Japan	Digital Information supply service	6,68	1	6,684	97,971	98.00	(60,087)	(2,741)		-	-
Holding UTC Corporation	Sigurd UTC Corporation	Taiwan	Packaging testing	6,247,262	2	6,247,262	101,929,982	100.00		3,271,879		328,011		-	-

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

⁽¹⁾The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at December 31, 2024' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column..

⁽²⁾ The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2024' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this year.

⁽³⁾The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the December 31, 2024 column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this year. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this year has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Note 3:Sigurd Microelectronics (Cayman) Co., Ltd. has been liquidated as resolved by the Board of Directors on August 1, 2023, and returned cash assets amounting to US\$3,758,231 (\$122,424) to the parent company, Sigurd International Co., Ltd., and US\$1,039,555 (\$33,864) to other shareholders in July 2024. The remaining cash assets would be returned in tranches.

Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation Information on investments in Mainland China For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 11

												Accumulated	
				Accumulated	Amount remitted	from Taiwan	Accumulated					amount	
				amount of	to Mainlan	d China/	amount		Ownership	Investment income		of investment	
				remittance from	Amount rem	itted back	of remittance		held by	(loss) recognized	Book value of	income	
				Taiwan to	to Taiwan fo	or the year	from Taiwan to	Net income of	the	by the Company	investments in	remitted back to	
			Investment	Mainland China	ended Decem	per 31, 2024	Mainland China	investee as of	Company	for the year ended	Mainland China	Taiwan as of	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in	method	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	as of December 31,		(direct or	December 31,	as of December	December 31,	
Mainland China	activities	capital	(Note 1)	2024	Mainland China	to Taiwan	2024	2024	indirect)	2024 (Note 2(2))	31, 2024	2024	Footnote
OPS Electronic (ShenZhen) Limited	Manufacture and sales of IC programmers and its parts, IC copiers, components for chip testers and electronic components	26,033	2	\$ 40	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40	(\$ 33,743)	58.77	(\$ 19,830)	\$ 41,557	\$ -	Note 2(2)B
SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp.	Design of testing application for integrated and advanced services of packing and testing for integrated circuit	1,359,700	2	1,359,700	-	-	1,359,700	(109,698)	100	(105,635)	398,266	-	Note 2(2)B

Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 11

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through Investment in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China. (invested Flusol(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd and SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp. through Flusol Co., Ltd and invested OPS Electronic (ShenZhen) Limited through OPS Electronic Limited.
- (3) Others
- Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024' column:
 - (1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
 - (2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
 - A.The financial statements that are audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
 - B.The financial statements that are audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
 - C.Self-contained financial statements.

Company	an rer from to I	nount of mount of mittance in Taiwan Mainland China December 31,	C	Investment hount approved by the Investment commission of the Ministry of Economic	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of			
name		2024	A	ffairs (MOEA)		MOEA		
OPS Electronic (ShenZhen) Limited	\$	40	\$	40	\$	15,189		
SIRIZE Technology (Suzhou) Corp.		1,359,700		1,359,700		11,970,839		